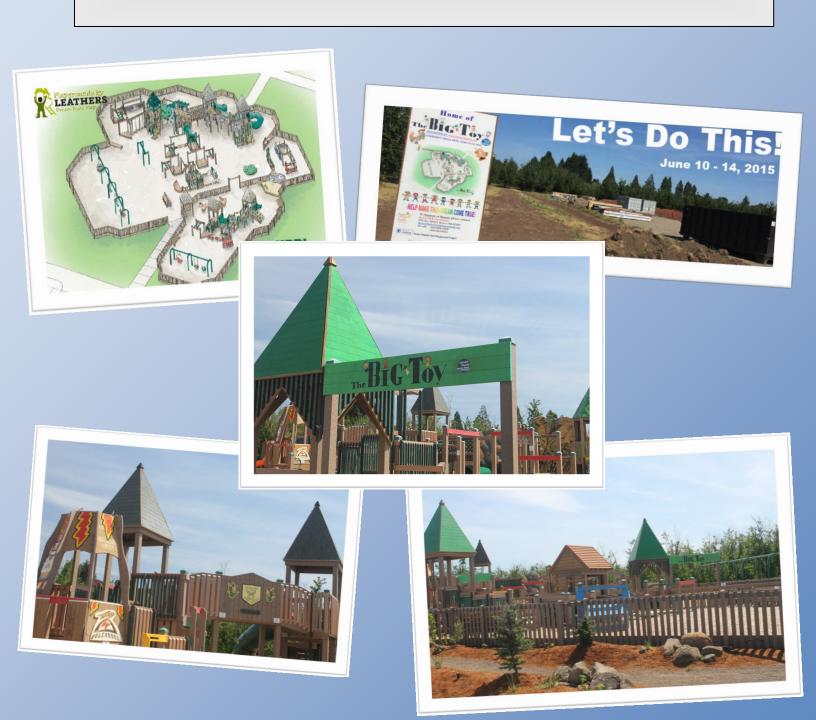
City of Keizer Marion County, Oregon

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016



CITY OF KEIZER
MARION COUNTY, OREGON
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Prepared by City of Keizer - Finance Department Timothy E. Wood, Finance Director

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON

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CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON

JUNE 30, 2016

MAYOR Term Expires January 2017 Cathy Clark CITY COUNCIL Bruce Anderson January 2019 Mark Caillier January 2017 Kim Freeman January 2017 Roland Herrera January 2019 Marlene Parsons January 2017 Amy Ryan January 2019

> Mailing Address 930 Chemawa Road NE Keizer, Oregon 97303

STAFF

CITY MANAGER HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR Chris Eppley Machell DePina CHIEF OF POLICE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR John Teague Nathan Brown CITY RECORDER PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR Tracy Davis Bill Lawyer FINANCE DIRECTOR **CITY ATTORNEY** Timothy E. Wood E. Shannon Johnson



City of Keizer

Phone: (503) 390-3700 • Fax: (503) 393-9437 930 Chemawa Rd. N.E. • P.O. Box 21000 • Keizer, OR 97307-1000

November 30, 2016

Citizens of Keizer
The Honorable Mayor Cathy Clark
Members of the City Council
Christopher Eppley, City Manager
930 Chemawa Road NE
Keizer, Oregon 97303

INTRODUCTION

The City of Keizer Finance Department is pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Keizer, Oregon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This report is published in fulfillment of the Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 297.425), which require that every general-purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of the fiscal year.

The financial statements and supporting schedules have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and meet the requirements of the standards as prescribed by the Secretary of State. We believe the data, as presented, are accurate in all material respects and presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City.

Responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report rests with the City's management and is based on an internal control structure designed for this purpose. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that these objectives are met because the cost of the internal control should not exceed the related benefits likely to be derived.

The accounting firm of Grove, Mueller & Swank P.C. performed an audit of our financial statements and other information using generally accepted auditing standards. Their unmodified opinion is included in the Financial Section of the report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. It provides additional information to this letter and this letter should be read in conjunction with it.

THE CITY

The City of Keizer, Oregon (City) is a financially independent entity located in Marion County in the center of the Willamette Valley. The City is bordered on the western edge by the Willamette River, southern edge by the city of Salem, eastern edge by Interstate 5, and the northern edge by rural portions of Marion County. The City was incorporated in 1982 and operates under a charter that was adopted and has been periodically updated by the voters. The City of Keizer is the 14th largest city by population in the state of Oregon.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government. The council-manager form of government separates the legislative policy function from the professional administrative functions. The City Council consists of a Mayor and six Councilors, all of which are volunteers. The Mayor is the formal representative of the City, and is elected to a two-year term by the voters at-large on a non-partisan ballot. The City Council is composed of six non-partisan members elected to four-year terms, with half the council elected every two years. These seven officers comprise the

Council who make the policy decisions for municipal activity and pass its ordinances and resolutions.

The Council appoints a City Manager who is responsible for the administration and execution of the City's policies and ordinances. As of June 30, 2016 there are approximately 93 full-time city employees working in eight departments: City Manager, Finance, Human Resources, Public Works, Community Development, City Recorder, Legal Services and Police Services. The City is subject to collective bargaining agreements with the Keizer Police Association and the Municipal Utility Workers' Local 320.

The City provides basic services. These services include police, municipal court, street construction and maintenance, water reservoirs, wells and water lines, storm drainage, land use planning and zoning, public improvements, parks and administrative services. The City contracts with the City of Salem, Oregon for maintenance of its sanitary sewer system and administers the billing function for use of this facility.

In June 1997, the City revised its tax base for the first time since 1986. Shortly thereafter, Oregon's tax system was overturned by Ballot Measure 50 and like all Oregon cities, Keizer had a permanent tax rate, replacing the existing tax base. The tax rate is constrained by the effects of Measure 5, which limits the consolidated tax rate that local governments can charge plus Measure 50, which limits growth in assessed value and places a tax rate limit that can be charged on each parcel of taxed property. The City's permanent levy rate is \$2.0838 per thousand. This amount will be applied to the taxable assessed value on the roll. The assessed value growth is limited to 3.0% plus any new construction, remodeling, or value increases due to property sales. In Fiscal Year 2016, the City's taxable assessed value increased 8.6% overall.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City's economic condition is significantly influenced by the economic conditions of the neighboring cities, since the majority of the workforce that resides within the City commutes to Salem or the Portland Metro area for employment. The area's unemployment rate dropped to 6.1% as compared to 7.1% the previous year. The City's economy is supported by jobs in the service, technology/manufacturing, retail and government sector all of which have been impacted by the economic slowdown.

When the City was incorporated, the City limits were aligned adjacent to the urban growth boundaries leaving little opportunity for annexation. In fact, the City's area has increased less than one-hundredth of one square mile since it was incorporated. This geographic constraint will result in new residential and commercial construction slowing over time as infill is completed. Despite the geographic constraint and the economic slowdown the City's real market value continues to exceed the assessed value.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The City is required by state law to budget all funds. The budgeting process includes employee and citizen input through various stages of preparation, public hearings and adoption of the original budget by the City Council. Requirements not anticipated in the original budget may be added through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires publications in newspapers and adoption by the City Council. Original and supplemental budgets may also be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the cost categories. Such transfers require approval by the City Council.

Budgetary control is maintained at the fund and/or departmental level by comparison of estimated purchase amounts with adopted appropriations prior to placing purchase orders to vendors. The City Manager and the seven department heads are responsible for ensuring their departments, funds and programs fall within appropriated amounts.

FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City will continue to have an ongoing need for new or expanded streets, water, stormwater, and sanitary sewer systems, public safety measures and cultural and recreation opportunities. The guiding principle for all of the City's long-term financial planning is a focus on sustainability. Service levels are set and planned for in a manner in which costs are not allowed to exceed revenue. The City actively engages in long-term financial planning through its annual budgetary process, the creation of master plans for certain services and through the development of a multi-year long-range financial plan.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate for Achievement of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Keizer for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the seventeenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

DISTINGUISHED BUDGET PRSENTATION AWARD

The City of Keizer received GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its FY 15-16 annual budget document and the FY 16-17 annual budget has been submitted. This is the second year that the City of Keizer has achieved the prestigious award of a distinguished presentation. The Distinguished Budget Presentation is the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting. Its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government and its management. In order to receive the award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, a communications medium, an operations guide, and a financial plan.

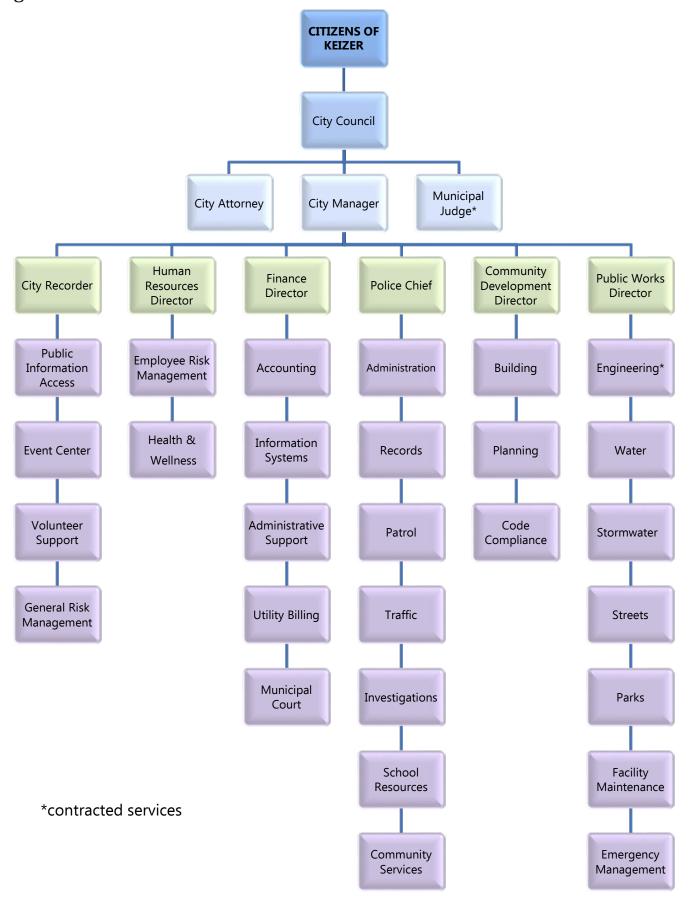
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Special recognition is given to the City's Finance staff whose hard work and dedication during the annual audit ensures the preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report on a timely basis. I also recognize and thank all other Departments within the City who provided supporting information for this report. I would like to express my appreciation to the Mayor, City Council members, the Audit Committee, the Budget Committee, and the City Manager for their leadership, support and dedication, to ensure the sound financial operations of the City of Keizer. Preparation of this report would not have been successful without that support.

Respectfully submitted,

Limothy E. Wood
Finance Director

Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Keizer Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Keizer 930 Chemawa Road NE Keizer, Oregon 97303

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Keizer, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Keizer, Oregon, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-14, the schedule of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability – Oregon public employees retirement system and the schedule of the city's contributions – Oregon public employees retirement system on pages 56-57 ("PERS schedules") and the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget to actual for the General, Street, and Transportation Improvement funds on pages 58-60 ("budgetary schedules") be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis and PERS schedules described in the preceding paragraph in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules described above were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In

our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 30, 2016, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bv:

Ryan T. Pasquarella, Shareholder

November 30, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

This discussion and analysis of the City of Keizer's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter (beginning on page ii), the basic financial statements (beginning on page 15), and the accompanying notes to those basic financial statements (beginning on page 29).

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Keizer (the City) and its component unit using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The *government-wide financial statements* (pages 16-18) present the financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental activities and business type activities are presented separately. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The *fund financial statements* (pages 19-28) include statements for each of the categories of activities - governmental and proprietary. The governmental activities are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The **Statement of Net Position** and the **Statement of Activities** report financial information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and the changes in net position. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position is one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure. In these statements, City activities are separated as follows:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, including General Government, Police, Community Development, and Street maintenance and preservation. Property taxes, state shared revenues, interest income, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance these activities.

Business-type activities - The City's water, sewer and stormwater activities are reported in this category. The City charges a fee to customers to cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental funds - Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The reconciliation of differences between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements is explained in a section following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds - When the City charges customers for the services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units of the City - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Government-wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior year.

Table 1 Statements of Net Position As of June 30.

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Totals		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Cash and investments	\$ 9,767,805	\$ 9,487,882	\$ 2,292,137	\$ 2,093,975	\$ 12,059,942	\$ 11,581,857	
Other assets	15,116,493	17,630,283	1,628,372	1,807,867	16,744,865	19,438,150	
Capital assets	63,447,203	65,454,676	9,849,630	9,625,648	73,296,833	75,080,324	
Total assets	88,331,501	92,572,841	13,770,139	13,527,490	102,101,640	106,100,331	
Total deferred outflows of resources	681,476	312,360	168,175	74,314	849,651	386,674	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	89,012,977	92,885,201	13,938,314	13,601,804	102,951,291	106,487,005	
Other liabilities	6,379,456	4,143,619	2,264,666	1,421,273	8,644,122	5,564,892	
Long-term debt	15,495,000	16,985,000	1,040,000	1,225,000	16,535,000	18,210,000	
Total liabilities	21,874,456	21,128,619	3,304,666	2,646,273	25,179,122	23,774,892	
Total deferred inflows of resources	819,184	2,169,178	218,066	516,078	1,037,250	2,685,256	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	22,693,640	23,297,797	3,522,732	3,162,351	26,216,372	26,460,148	
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	47,885,058	48,396,074	8,809,630	8,400,648	56,694,688	56,796,722	
Restricted	21,760,454	22,270,151	1,035,403	906,164	22,795,857	23,176,315	
Unrestricted	(3,326,175)	(1,078,821)	570,549	1,132,641	(2,755,626)	53,820	
Total net position	\$ 66,319,337	\$ 69,587,404	\$ 10,415,582	\$ 10,439,453	\$ 76,734,919	\$ 80,026,857	

Overall the City's financial position changed by \$3.3 million. The majority of this is due to the application of the provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions from the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This pronouncement included an adjustment to the current year pension expense based on the results of the actuarial study as describe in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Activities

The City's net position from governmental activities decreased by \$3.3 million from \$69.6 million to \$66.3 million. This decrease is the change in net position reflected in the condensed Statement of Activities, and explained below:

- Cash and investments increased by \$0.3 million as the result of normal fluctuations in when cash is received.
- Other assets decreased by \$2.5 million, as a result of recognizing a net pension liability of \$2.7 million instead of an asset of \$1.0 million in the prior year, offset by the ongoing collection of \$1.5 million in assessments associated with the Keizer Station Local Improvement District.
- Capital assets decreased \$2.0 million, primarily as a result of
 - o \$1.2 million for acquisition of capital assets (primarily street resurfacing projects) offset by
 - o \$3.2 million of depreciation expense and asset disposals.
- Other liabilities increased by \$2.2 million primarily due to recognizing a \$2.7 million net pension liability and increase of \$0.3 million in the projected other postemployment benefit obligation associated with providing retiree healthcare benefits offset by a \$0.8 million reduction in accounts payable as the result of normal timing fluctuations in when invoices are received and paid.
- Long-term debt outstanding decreased \$1.5 million, as the result of paying down the debt associated with the Keizer Station Local Improvement District bond.

Business-type Activities

The City's net position from business-type activities remained consistent with the previous year at \$10.4 million. This increase is the change in net position reflected in the Statement of Activities, and explained below:

- Cash and investments increased by \$0.2 million as the result of normal fluctuations in when cash is received.
- Other assets decreased by \$0.2 million as the result of recognizing a net pension liability of \$0.7 million instead of an asset of \$\$0.3 million in the prior year offset by the impact of January 2016 utility rate increases on the year end utility receivable balances.
- Capital assets increased by \$0.3 million as a result of \$0.9 million investment in water and sewer systems and equipment and vehicles offset by \$0.6 million of depreciation expense.
- Other liabilities increased by \$0.9 million as the result of recognizing a \$0.7 million net pension liability, a \$0.1 million increase in the projected other postemployment benefit obligation associated with providing retiree healthcare benefits and a \$0.1 million increase in accounts payable associated with the normal timing fluctuations in when invoices are received and paid.
- Long-term debt decreased by \$0.2 million as the result of the scheduled principal and interest payment on outstanding debt.

Statement of Activities

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities and comparison to the prior year.

Table 2
Statements of Activities
For the years ending June 30,

	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ	• •	Totals		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Program Revenues							
Fees, fines, and charges for services	\$ 947,563	\$ 742,764	\$ 10,144,278	\$ 9,823,338	\$ 11,091,841	\$ 10,566,102	
Operating grants and contributions	2,543,156	2,555,870	-	-	2,543,156	2,555,870	
Capital grants and contributions	773,529	613,253	116,962	105,151	890,491	718,404	
Total program revenues	4,264,248	3,911,887	10,261,240	9,928,489	14,525,488	13,840,376	
General Revenues							
Taxes and assessments	4,852,373	5,521,449	-	-	4,852,373	5,521,449	
Franchise taxes	2,606,744	2,539,863	-	-	2,606,744	2,539,863	
Intergovernmental	743,428	803,880	-	-	743,428	803,880	
Loss on the sale of capital assets	(10,050)	-	-	-	(10,050)	-	
Miscellaneous	1,076,723	195,193	124,537	4,601	1,201,260	199,794	
Total general revenues	9,269,218	9,060,385	124,537	4,601	9,393,755	9,064,986	
Total Revenues	13,533,466	12,972,272	10,385,777	9,933,090	23,919,243	22,905,362	
Expenses							
Programs	16,411,231	14,992,083	10,799,950	9,629,298	27,211,181	24,621,381	
Change in net position before transfers	(2,877,765)	(2,019,811)	(414,173)	303,792	(3,291,938)	(1,716,019)	
Transfers	(390,302)	(393,336)	390,302	393,336			
Change in net position	(3,268,067)	(2,413,147)	(23,871)	697,128	(3,291,938)	(1,716,019)	
Beginning net position,	69,587,404	72,000,551	10,439,453	9,742,325	80,026,857	81,742,876	
Ending net position	\$ 66,319,337	\$ 69,587,404	\$ 10,415,582	\$ 10,439,453	\$ 76,734,919	\$ 80,026,857	

Governmental Activities

The City's net position from governmental activities decreased by \$3.3 million in the current year as compared to a decrease of \$2.4 in the previous year. This decrease in the change in net assets primarily reflects:

- Fees, fines and charges for services increased as the result of an increase in municipal court citation revenue associated with reinstating one-half of the traffic safety unit.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by approximately \$0.2 million as the result of receiving more than anticipated system development fees associated with new construction.
- Taxes and assessments These are revenues arising from property taxes, street lighting district assessments, local improvement district assessments and urban renewal tax increment revenues. Taxes and assessments

decreased \$0.7 million as the result of not collecting additional tax increment revenue associated with the City of Keizer Urban Renewal Agency that closed at the end of the prior year.

- Miscellaneous Revenues primarily consist of interest earnings on funds held for working capital needs and
 interest earned on assessments and reserves held over an extended period of time. Miscellaneous revenues
 increased by \$0.8 million primarily as the result of the City recognizing an allowance for doubtful accounts
 during the prior year that did not recur during the current year.
- Programs These are direct expenses that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department
 and, thus, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The following table reflects the changes in program
 expenses:

Table 3
Governmental Activities - Program Expenses
For the years ending June 30,

					Compared	l to	
	2016		2015		Prior Year		
Programs	Amount	%	Amount	%	Change	%	
General government	\$ 2,130,033	13.0%	\$ 2,100,607	14.0%	\$ 29,426	1.4%	
Community and youth services	29,317	0.2%	19,493	0.1%	9,824	50.4%	
Community development	2,704,035	16.5%	4,500,288	30.0%	(1,796,253)	-39.9%	
Parks	483,174	2.9%	388,200	2.6%	94,974	24.5%	
Public safety	8,539,975	52.0%	5,644,121	37.6%	2,895,854	51.3%	
Public works	1,658,334	10.1%	1,415,078	9.4%	243,256	17.2%	
Interest on long-term debt	866,363	5.3%	924,296	6.2%	(57,933)	-6.3%	
Total expenses	\$ 16,411,231	100.0%	\$ 14,992,083	100.0%	\$ 1,419,148	9.5%	

Program expenses increased by \$1.4 million from \$15.0 million in the prior year to \$16.4 million in the current year. The primary reason for the increase is the City recognized \$2.1 million in pension expense associated with implementing GASB 68 during the current year as compared to a \$1.4 million reduction in pension expense during the prior year. In addition during the prior year the City wrote off \$1.9 million in Keizer Station Local Improvement District assessments related to foreclosed properties that did not recur during the current year.

Business-type Activities

The City's change in net position from business-type activities remained consistent with prior year.

Program expenses are direct expenses that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, thus, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The following table reflects the changes in program expenses:

Table 4
Business-type Activities - Program Expenses
For the years ending June 30,

								Compare	d to	
		2016			2015			Prior Year		
Programs	Amo	unt	%		Amount	%		Change	%	
Water	\$ 2,9	20,211	27.0%	\$	2,419,921	25.1%	\$	500,290	20.7%	
Sewer	5,7	11,828	52.9%		5,522,545	57.4%		189,283	3.4%	
Stormwater	1,5	07,343	14.0%		1,106,176	11.5%		401,167	36.3%	
Community Center	2	50,248	2.3%		171,525	1.8%		78,723	45.9%	
Street Lighting Districts	4	10,320	3.8%		409,131	4.2%		1,189	0.3%	
Total expenses	\$ 10,7	99,950	100.0%	\$	9,629,298	100.0%	\$	1,170,652	12.2%	

The Program expenses increased by \$1.2 million from \$9.6 million in the prior year to \$10.8 million in the current year. The primary reason for the increase is that the City recognized a \$0.5 million pension expense in the current year as compared to a \$0.8 million reduction in pension expense as the result of implementing GASB 68.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental Funds

The following table reflects a summary of ending fund balances for governmental funds compared to the prior year.

Table 5
Governmental Funds - Fund Balances
As of June 30,

					Compare	d to
	2016	j	2015		Prior Yo	ear
Major Funds	 Amount	%	Amount	%	Change	%
General	\$ 1,898,504	19.0%	\$ 2,252,430	24.0%	\$ (353,926)	-15.7%
Streets	1,362,713	13.7%	1,260,800	13.4%	101,913	8.1%
Transportation Improvement	2,681,359	26.9%	2,416,363	25.7%	264,996	11.0%
Keizer Station LID	2,693,208	27.0%	2,685,804	28.6%	7,404	0.3%
Other Governmental Funds	 1,336,021	13.4%	 778,490	8.3%	 557,531	71.6%
Total fund balances	\$ 9,971,805	100.0%	\$ 9,393,887	100.0%	\$ 577,918	6.2%

At June 30, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$10.0 million, which is an increase of \$0.6 million compared with last year. In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

General

The General fund accounts for all of the financial resources of the City, which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise taxes, state shared revenues and fines and forfeitures. Principal expenditures are made for police, community development, administration, and parks.

The General fund revenue increased by \$0.5 million from \$8.8 million in the prior year to \$9.3 million in the current year. General fund revenue consisted of the following:

					Compared	to	
	2016		2015		Prior Year		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Change	%	
Taxes and assessments	\$ 4,839,705	51.9%	\$ 4,534,152	51.3%	\$ 305,553	6.7%	
Licenses and permits	2,763,879	29.7%	2,668,491	30.2%	95,388	3.6%	
Intergovernmental	1,079,588	11.6%	1,067,300	12.1%	12,288	1.2%	
Fines and forfeitures	415,874	4.5%	386,984	4.4%	28,890	7.5%	
Miscellaneous	217,291	2.3%	186,646	2.1%	30,645	16.4%	
Total General fund revenue	\$ 9,316,337	100.0%	\$ 8,843,573	100.0%	\$ 472,764	5.3%	

General fund expenditures consisted of the following:

					Compared	l to	
	2016		2015		Prior Year		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Change	%	
General government	\$ 2,182,159	22.6%	\$ 1,545,618	17.6%	\$ 636,541	41.2%	
Community and youth services	29,317	0.3%	19,493	0.2%	9,824	50.4%	
Community development	532,274	5.5%	461,553	5.3%	70,721	15.3%	
Parks	342,240	3.5%	309,581	3.5%	32,659	10.5%	
Public safety	6,566,471	68.0%	6,449,816	73.4%	116,655	1.8%	
Total General fund expenditures	\$ 9,652,461	100.0%	\$ 8,786,061	100.0%	\$ 866,400	9.9%	

Street Fund

The Street fund accounts for the use of gas tax revenue received. Expenditures are restricted to street and bike-path related projects and costs, plus debt service on street-related debt. During the current year the Street Fund continued its ongoing street resurfacing projects.

Transportation Improvement Fund

The Transportation Improvement fund is used to account for systems development charges designated for transportation improvements. These fees are collected from new development in the City. Improvements are included in the City Council adopted Transportation Master Plan and expenditures follow the adopted methodology.

Consistent with prior year the Transportation Improvement fund collected approximately \$0.2 million in revenues and did not have any expenditures.

Keizer Station LID Fund

The Keizer Station LID fund accounts for the improvements to the Keizer Station Development project. In fiscal year 2007 a line-of-credit was used to finance the construction phase of the project. The development was completed in fiscal year 2008 and the City paid off the line-of-credit by issuing long-term debt. The costs of the improvements have been assessed to the property owners who directly benefit from the project. The assessment payments will be used to pay off the long-term debt.

The Keizer Station LID fund revenues increased \$0.7 million from \$1.7 million in the prior year to \$2.4 million in the current year. The increase is the result of an assessment holder making a one-time payment of \$0.7 million to pay off their assessment in full.

The Keizer Station LID fund expenditures increased by \$0.7 million as the result of a \$0.8 million principal payment on the outstanding debt in the prior year as compared to a \$1.5 million dollar payment in the current year.

Other Governmental Funds

These funds are not presented separately in the basic financial statements, but are individually presented as supplemental information.

Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary Funds

The following table reflects a summary of net position for Proprietary Funds compared to the prior year.

Table 6
Proprietary Funds - Net Position
As of June 30,

Commoned to

					Compa	red to
	2016		2015		Prior	Year
Major Funds	Amount	%	Amount	%	Change	%
Sewer	\$ 1,842,657	17.7%	\$ 2,070,975	19.8%	\$ (228,318)	-11.0%
Water and Water Facility	6,994,258	67.2%	6,828,436	65.4%	165,822	2.4%
Stormwater	918,783	8.8%	946,779	9.1%	(27,996	-3.0%
Other Funds	659,884	6.3%	593,263	5.7%	66,621	11.2%
Total net position	\$ 10,415,582	100.0%	\$ 10,439,453	100.0%	\$ (23,871)	-0.2%

Water and Water Facility Funds

The Water and Water Facility funds account for the operations, maintenance, and capital construction of the water system. The primary sources of revenues are user fees, system development charges, and interest earnings.

The Water and Water Facility funds revenues increased to \$2.9 million in the current year as compared to \$2.7 million in the prior year. The increase is primarily due to a 4% rate increase that took effect January 1, 2016.

The Water and Water Facility funds expenses increased to \$2.9 million in the current year as compared to \$2.4 million in fiscal prior year. The increase is primarily the result of a \$0.3 million pension expense in the current year compared to \$0.2 million expense reduction in the prior year associated with implementing GASB 68.

Sewer and Sewer Reserve Funds

The Sewer and Sewer Reserve funds account for the operations, maintenance, and capital construction of the water and wastewater collection systems. The primary sources of revenues are user fees, system development charges, and interest earnings. The City of Keizer contracts with the City of Salem to provide sewer services to Keizer residences. Much of the activity in the fund is "passed through"; it is collected from the customer and paid to the City of Salem for sewer services. A portion of each billing receipt is retained in the fund to pay the cost of administering the sewer accounts.

The Sewer fund revenues and expenses increased to \$5.7 million in the current year as compared to \$5.3 million in the prior year. The increase is due to a 3% rate increase that took effect January 1, 2016.

Stormwater Fund

The Stormwater fund reflects a program designed to meet the Federal Clean Water Act. The primary sources of revenues are user fees, system development charges and gas tax revenues (transferred from the City's Street fund).

The Stormwater fund revenues increased \$0.1 million from \$1.0 million in prior year to \$1.1 million in the current year. The increase is due to a rate increase that took effect January 1, 2016.

The Stormwater fund expenses increased to \$1.5 million in the current year as compared to \$1.1 million in the prior year. The increase is due to an increase in personnel services.

Budgetary Highlights

The General fund budgeted revenue was increased by \$17,900 during the year primarily in anticipation of receiving additional grant revenue. The General fund expenditure budget was increased by \$37,900. The increase in expenditures was associated with grant related costs in addition to additional Municipal Court costs in excess of what was originally budgeted due to the Police Department reinstating one-half of the traffic safety unit.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, the City had invested \$73.3 million in capital assets as reflected in the following table, which represents a net decrease (additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$1.7 million, when compared to the previous fiscal year.

Table 7
Capital Assets at June 30, (net of depreciation)

Rucinocc-type

Covernmental

	Govern	Governmental		ss-type			
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Totals		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Land	\$ 14,941,368	\$ 14,978,914	\$ 371,759	\$ 371,759	\$ 15,313,127	\$ 15,350,673	
Building and improvements	48,427,355	47,321,217	1,065,730	1,065,730	49,493,085	48,386,947	
Equipment and vehicles	2,287,953	2,236,164	918,288	834,236	3,206,241	3,070,400	
Infrastructure	38,586,608	38,586,608	23,739,159	22,958,180	62,325,767	61,544,788	
Accumulated depreciation	(40,796,081)	(37,668,227)	(16,245,306)	(15,604,257)	(57,041,387)	(53,272,484)	
Net capital assets	\$ 63,447,203	\$ 65,454,676	\$ 9,849,630	\$ 9,625,648	\$ 73,296,833	\$ 75,080,324	

The following table is a summarized reconciliation of the change in capital assets.

Table 8
Changes in Capital Assets
For the year ending June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 65,454,676	\$ 9,625,648	\$ 75,080,324
Additions	1,157,927	865,031	2,022,958
Retirements	(37,546)	-	(37,546)
Depreciation	(3,127,854)	(641,049)	(3,768,903)
Net capital assets	\$ 63,447,203	\$ 9,849,630	\$ 73,296,833

For more detailed information see the Notes to Basic Financial Statements (pages 41-42).

The City depreciates all its capital assets except for land.

Debt Outstanding

As of June 30, 2016, the City had \$16.5 million in debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding compared to the \$18.2 million last year.

Table 9
Outstanding Debt at Year End
June 30,

	To	Totals			
	2016	2015			
Governmental Activities Keizer Station LID Bonds 2008	\$ 15,495,000	\$ 16,985,000			
Business-type Activities Water Revenue Loan	1,040,000	1,225,000			
Total	\$ 16,535,000	\$ 18,210,000			

For more detailed information see the Notes to Basic Financial Statements (pages 42-43).

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The economy of the City and its major initiatives are discussed in detail in the accompanying Transmittal Letter.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Director at 930 Chemawa Road NE, Keizer, Oregon 97303.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Totals
Cash and investments	\$ 9,767,805	\$ 2,292,137	\$ 12,059,942
Accounts receivable	674,520	1,525,285	2,199,805
Property taxes receivable	286,283	-	286,283
Assessment liens receivable	13,713,117	247	13,713,364
Loans receivable	442,573		442,573
Inventories	-	102,840	102,840
Nondepreciable capital assets	14,941,368	371,759	15,313,127
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	48,505,835	9,477,871	57,983,706
Total Assets	88,331,501	13,770,139	102,101,640
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	681,476	168,175	849,651
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	360,101	655,229	1,015,330
Deposits	39,527	217,405	256,932
Accrued interest payable	67,145	14,213	81,358
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year:			
Bonds and notes payable	-	190,000	190,000
Accrued compensated absences	218,414	62,278	280,692
Due in more than one year:			
Bonds and notes payable	15,495,000	850,000	16,345,000
Accrued compensated absences	405,626	115,659	521,285
Other post-employment benefits	2,558,094	546,590	3,104,684
Net pension liability	2,730,549	653,292	3,383,841
Total Liabilities	21,874,456	3,304,666	25,179,122
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	819,184	218,066	1,037,250
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	47,885,058	8,809,630	56,694,688
Restricted for:			
Debt service	16,395,083	234,100	16,629,183
Construction	5,088,810	406,695	5,495,505
Other	276,561	394,608	671,169
Unrestricted	(3,326,175)	570,549	(2,755,626)
Total Net Position	\$ 66,319,337	\$ 10,415,582	\$ 76,734,919

			Program Revenues						
	Expenses		Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		-				_			
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	2,130,033	\$	284,394	\$	-	\$	257,895	
Community and youth services		29,317		-		-		-	
Community development		2,704,035		121,808		1,820		-	
Parks		483,174		15,472		4,700		515,058	
Public safety		8,539,975		406,195		348,443		-	
Public works		1,658,334		65,063		2,188,193		576	
Stadium operations		-		54,631		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		866,363		-				-	
Total Governmental Activities		16,411,231		947,563		2,543,156		773,529	
Business-type Activities:									
Water		2,920,211		2,947,965		-		116,962	
Sewer		5,711,828		5,622,368		-		-	
Stormwater		1,507,343		1,106,130		-		-	
Community center		250,248		154,416		-		-	
Street lighting		410,320		313,399				-	
Total Business-type Activities		10,799,950		10,144,278				116,962	
Total Activities	\$	27,211,181	\$	11,091,841	\$	2,543,156	\$	890,491	

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Franchise taxes
Intergovernmental - unrestricted
Loss on the sale of capital assets
Miscellaneous
Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, July 1, 2015

Net Position, June 30, 2016

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	 Totals
\$ (1,587,744)	\$ -	\$ (1,587,744)
(29,317)	-	(29,317)
(2,580,407)	-	(2,580,407)
52,056	-	52,056
(7,785,337)	-	(7,785,337)
595,498	-	595,498
54,631	-	54,631
(866,363)	 	 (866,363)
(12,146,983)	-	(12,146,983)
_	144,716	144,716
_	(89,460)	(89,460)
_	(401,213)	(401,213)
_	(95,832)	(95,832)
-	(96,921)	 (96,921)
<u>-</u>	 (538,710)	 (538,710)
(12,146,983)	(538,710)	(12,685,693)
4,852,373	-	4,852,373
2,606,744	-	2,606,744
743,428	-	743,428
(10,050)	-	(10,050)
1,076,723	124,537	1,201,260
(390,302)	 390,302	
8,878,916	514,839	9,393,755
(3,268,067)	(23,871)	(3,291,938)
69,587,404	10,439,453	80,026,857
\$ 66,319,337	\$ 10,415,582	\$ 76,734,919

		Special Revenue			
				Transportation	
	 General		Street	Im	provement
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,626,982	\$	1,269,393	\$	2,681,359
Accounts receivable	446,069		193,905		-
Loans receivable	-		-		-
Property taxes receivable	286,283		-		-
Assessment liens receivable			11,242		-
Total Assets	\$ 2,359,334	\$	1,474,540	\$	2,681,359
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 64,612	\$	100,585	\$	-
Accrued expenses payable	128,617		-		-
Deposits	 39,527				-
Total Liabilities	232,756		100,585		-
Deferred Inflows					
Unavailable revenue	 228,074		11,242		
Fund Balances					
Restricted for:					
Debt service	-		-		-
Construction	-		1,362,713		2,681,359
Other	-		-		-
Unassigned	 1,898,504				-
Total Fund Balances	 1,898,504		1,362,713		2,681,359
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,359,334	\$	1,474,540	\$	2,681,359

D_{i}	Debt Service		Other		
	Keizer		vernmental		
Si	tation LID		Funds		Totals
\$	2,693,208	\$	1,313,247	\$	9,584,189
	-		34,546		674,520
	-		442,573		442,573
	-		-		286,283
	13,701,875		-		13,713,117
		•		•	
\$	16,395,083	\$	1,790,366	\$	24,700,682
\$	-	\$	11,772	\$	176,969
	-		-		128,617
	-		-		39,527
	-		11,772		345,113
	13,701,875		442,573		14,383,764
	2,693,208		-		2,693,208
	-		1,059,460		5,103,532
	-		276,561		276,561
			-		1,898,504
	2,693,208		1,336,021		9,971,805
\$	16,395,083	\$	1,790,366	\$	24,700,682

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON

RECONCILIATON OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016

Fund Balances	\$ 9,971,805
The Statement of Net Position reports receivables at their net realizable value. However, receivables not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in governmental funds.	14,383,764
Net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources arising from contributions paid, and deferred inflows arising from changes in proportionate share of earnings in the current year are not financial resources in governmental funds, but are reported in the Satement of Net Position	
Net pension liability	(2,730,549)
Deferred outflows	681,476
Deferred inflows	(819,184)
Capital assets are not financial resources in governmental funds, but are reported in the Statement of Net Position at their net depreciable value.	
Costs of capital assets	104,243,284
Accumulated depreciation	(40,796,081)
All liabilies are reported in the Statement of Net Position. However, if they are not due and payable in the current period, they are not recorded in governmental funds.	
Bonds and notes payable	(15,495,000)
Accrued interest payable	(67,145)
Accrued compensated absences	(624,040)
Other post-employment benefits	(2,558,094)
An internal service fund is used to charge the cost of technology, communications, administrative services and risk management to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in governmental activities	
in the Statement of Net Position.	 129,101
Net Position of governmental activities	\$ 66,319,337

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Special Revenue			
				G.		nsportation
		General		Street	<u>Im</u>	provement
REVENUES						
Taxes and assessments	\$	4,839,705	\$	3,153	\$	-
Licenses and permits		2,763,879		90,063		257,895
Intergovernmental		1,079,588		2,187,893		-
Fines and forfeitures		415,874		_		-
Miscellaneous		217,291		10,362		7,101
Total Revenues		9,316,337		2,291,471		264,996
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating						
General government		2,182,159		-		-
Community and youth services		29,317		-		-
Community development		532,274		-		-
Parks		306,683		-		-
Public safety		6,529,017		-		-
Public works		-		807,639		-
Capital outlay		73,011		1,036,915		-
Debt service						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest						
Total Expenditures		9,652,461		1,844,554		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES		(336,124)		446,917		264,996
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from property sales		-		27,496		-
Transfers out	-	(17,802)		(372,500)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(17,802)		(345,004)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(353,926)		101,913		264,996
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		2,252,430		1,260,800		2,416,363
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	1,898,504	\$	1,362,713	\$	2,681,359

Deb	t Service		Other		
- K	Keizer	Ga	overnmental		
Stat	tion LID		Funds		Totals
ф	1 117 011	Φ.		Φ.	6 2 0 5 0 52
\$	1,445,014	\$	-	\$	6,287,872
	-		598,872		3,710,709
	-		-		3,267,481
	-		-		415,874
	925,210		99,567		1,259,531
	2,370,224		698,439		14,941,467
	-		98,100		2,280,259
	-		-		29,317
	-		-		532,274
	-		-		306,683
	-		-		6,529,017
	-		-		807,639
	-		42,808		1,152,734
	1,490,000		-		1,490,000
	872,820		-		872,820
	2,362,820		140,908		14,000,743
	7,404		557,531		940,724
	_		_		27,496
					(390,302)
			-		(362,806)
	7,404		557,531		577,918
	2,685,804		778,490		9,393,887
\$	2,693,208	\$	1,336,021	\$	9,971,805

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 577,918
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds defer revenues that do not provide current financial resources. However, the Statement of Activities recognizes such revenues at their net realizable value when earned, regardless of when received.	(1,435,497)
Governmental funds do not report expenditures for unpaid compensated absences and other post employment benefits since they do not require the use of current financial resources. However, the Statement of Activities reports such expenses	
when incurred, regardless of when payment ultimately occurs.	(317,298)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Activities allocates the cost of capital outlay over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays	1,157,927
Depreciation	(3,127,854)
Asset Disposal	(37,546)
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt provide current financial resources to governmental funds and are reported as revenues. In the same way, repayment of long-term debt use current financial resources and are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, neither the receipt of debt proceeds nor the payment of debt principal affect the Statement of Activities, but are reported as increases and decreases in noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Debt principal payments	1,490,000
Accrued interest payable	6,457
Repayment of tax increment revenue to overlapping tax jurisdictions	526,663
Current year pension expense related to change in net pension liability is reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities but is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(2,077,239)
An internal service fund is used to charge technology, communications, administrative services and risk management to the individual funds. The net revenue of certain	
activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	 (31,598)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (3,268,067)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Water and		Other		Activities Administrative		
	_	Water	_	Enterprise				
	Sewer	Facility	Stormwater	Funds	Totals	Service Fund		
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ 50,086	\$ 1,059,682	\$ 444,627	\$ 737,742	\$ 2,292,137	\$ 183,616		
Accounts receivable	870,568	439,277	163,643	51,797	1,525,285	-		
Assessment liens receivable	-	247	-	-	247	-		
Inventories		102,129	711		102,840			
Total Current Assets	920,654	1,601,335	608,981	789,539	3,920,509	183,616		
Noncurrent Assets								
Nondepreciable capital assets	-	371,759	-	-	371,759	-		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	1,453,242	7,116,088	906,735	1,806	9,477,871			
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,453,242	7,487,847	906,735	1,806	9,849,630			
Total Assets	2,373,896	9,089,182	1,515,716	791,345	13,770,139	183,616		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,							
Deferred outflows of resources								
related to pensions	13,674	83,947	61,344	9,210	168,175			
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	410,936	94,196	118,540	31,557	655,229	54,515		
Deposits	410,230	201,582	110,540	15,823	217,405	54,515		
Accrued interest payable	_	14,213	_	13,023	14,213	_		
Bonds payable - due within one year	_	190,000	_	_	190,000	_		
Accrued compensated absences	4,320	39,325	16,902	1,731	62,278			
Total Current Liabilities	415,256	539,316	135,442	49,111	1,139,125	54,515		
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Bonds payable	_	850,000	_	_	850,000	_		
Accrued compensated absences	8,022	73,033	31,390	3,214	115,659	_		
Other post-employment benefits	51,924	283,077	171,106	40,483	546,590	_		
Net pension liability	48,090	319,419	249,350	36,433	653,292			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	108,036	1,525,529	451,846	80,130	2,165,541			
Total Liabilities	523,292	2,064,845	587,288	129,241	3,304,666	54,515		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources								
related to pensions	21,621	114,026	70,989	11,430	218,066			
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	1,453,242	6,447,847	906,735	1,806	8,809,630	-		
Restricted for:			, -	, , ,				
Capital projects	-	167,783	-	238,912	406,695	-		
Debt service	-	234,100	-	-	234,100	-		
Other	-	-	-	394,608	394,608	-		
Unrestricted	389,415	144,528	12,048	24,558	570,549	129,101		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,842,657	\$ 6,994,258	\$ 918,783	\$ 659,884	\$ 10,415,582	\$ 129,101		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Sewer	Water and Water Facility	Stormwater	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Activities Administrative Service Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ 91,837	\$ 22,764	\$ 85,939	\$ 200,540	\$ -		
Charges for services	5,536,340	2,807,389	1,080,823	451,851	9,876,403	3,232,513		
Miscellaneous	89	48,739	2,543	15,964	67,335	1,759		
Total Operating Revenues	5,536,429	2,947,965	1,106,130	553,754	10,144,278	3,234,272		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel services	46,591	1,163,767	841,205	142,551	2,194,114	2,371,720		
Materials and services	5,461,217	1,324,435	616,544	518,689	7,920,885	894,150		
Depreciation	201,542	388,105	49,594	1,806	641,047	-		
Total Operating Expenses	5,709,350	2,876,307	1,507,343	663,046	10,756,046	3,265,870		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(172,921)	71,658	(401,213)	(109,292)	(611,768)	(31,598)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment revenue	203	3,304	717	1,857	6,081	-		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	118,456	118,456	-		
Interest expense		(43,904)			(43,904)			
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	203	(40,600)	717	120,313	80,633			
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION		116,962			116,962			
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	(172,718)	148,020	(400,496)	11,021	(414,173)	(31,598)		
Transfers in	-	17,802	372,500	55,600	445,902	-		
Transfers out	(55,600)				(55,600)			
Total Transfers	(55,600)	17,802	372,500	55,600	390,302			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(228,318)	165,822	(27,996)	66,621	(23,871)	(31,598)		
NET POSITION, Beginning of year	2,070,975	6,828,436	946,779	593,263	10,439,453	160,699		
NET POSITION, End of year	\$ 1,842,657	\$ 6,994,258	\$ 918,783	\$ 659,884	\$ 10,415,582	\$ 129,101		

	Sewer		Water and Water Facility		Sto	ormwater
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers	\$	5,496,467	\$	2,961,617	\$	1,094,148
Cash paid for employee services and benefits		(3,079)		(886,037)		(630,979)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(5,440,535)		(1,347,298)		(519,606)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		52,853		728,282		(56,437)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers in				267,802		372,500
Transfers out		(55,600)		(250,000)		372,300
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Non-Capital		(33,000)		(230,000)		
Financing Activities		(55,600)		17,802		372,500
		(00,000)		,		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of capital assets		-		(634,463)		(230,568)
Principal paid on contracts/bonds payable		-		(185,000)		-
Contribution of capital		-		117,077		-
Interest paid				(46,433)		
Net Cash Used in Capital Related Financing Activities		-		(748,819)		(230,568)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on investment		203		3,304		717
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		(2,544)		569		86,212
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Beginning of year		52,630		1,059,113		358,415
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, End of year	\$	50,086	\$	1,059,682	\$	444,627
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES TO OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(172,921)	\$	71,658	\$	(401,213)
Depreciation		201,542		388,107		49,594
Change in assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		(39,962)		(16,532)		(11,982)
Inventory		=		18,672		(711)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		20,682		(41,537)		97,649
Compensated absences payable		(1,049)		266		(2,313)
Net pension liability		39,090		249,966		189,237
Other post-employment benefits		5,471		27,498		23,302
Deposits payable				30,184		<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	52,853	\$	728,282	\$	(56,437)

				Gove	rnmental
	Other				ctivities
Pr	roprietary			Adm	inistrative
	Funds		Totals		ice Fund
Ф	c52.245	Φ	10.204.477	Ф	2 225 227
\$	652,245	\$	10,204,477	\$	3,235,227
	(68,839)		(1,588,934)		(2,371,720)
	(526,939)		(7,834,378)		(886,265)
	56,467		781,165		(22,758)
	55,600		695,902		-
			(305,600)		
	55,600		390,302		-
	-		(865,031)		-
	-		(185,000)		-
	-		117,077		-
			(46,433)		
	-		(979,387)		-
	1,857		6,081		
	113,924		198,161		(22,758)
	623,818		2,093,976		206,374
\$	737,742	\$	2,292,137	\$	183,616
\$	9,164 1,806	\$	(493,312) 641,049	\$	(31,598)
	(23,675)		(92,151) 17,961		955 -
	(7,018)		69,776		7,885
	3,297		201		-
	36,696		514,989		-
	36,197		92,468		_
			30,184		
\$	56,467	\$	781,165	\$	(22,758)

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Keizer, Oregon (the "City") was established in November 1982 and is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The council appoints a City Manager to act as the administrative head of operations.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are interfund services provided and used. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues of the various functions concerned.

These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses form *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Currently, the City has general, special revenue, capital projects, debt service, enterprise and internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds, major individual special revenue funds, and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the other supplementary information.

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, receipts and disbursements. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" meant that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Capital Project Funds are utilized to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital equipment and facilities.

Debt Service Funds are utilized to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest.

The reporting model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets liabilities, revenues or expenses of either fund category or the government and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - this fund accounts for the activities of the City which are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees and state and county shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for police protection, parks, planning and general government.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Street Fund - this fund accounts for highway gas tax apportionments from the State of Oregon. Expenditures are as specified under Article IX, Section 3 of the Constitution of the State of Oregon.

Transportation Improvement Fund - this fund was established to account for system development fees. The City charges a system development fee per dwelling unit or business type unit to help cover the cost of transportation improvements resulting from development.

Debt Service Fund

Keizer Station LID Fund - this fund is used to account for debt service on improvements made to real property to facilitate the construction of Keizer Station, a major shopping complex. Property owner assessments are the primary source of revenue.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Law Enforcement Grant Fund - this fund accounts for money received to support law enforcement activities. Expenditures are for purposes designated in the grant.

Public Education Government Fund - this fund accounts for franchise fees assessed on cable television bills. Expenditures are for governmental cable programming.

Park Improvement Fund - this fund accounts for money set aside for park purposes. System development fees and interest earnings are the primary source of revenue.

Off-site Transportation Improvement Fund - this fund was established to account for future transportation improvement projects. The resources are from developer fees required to be paid as set forth in the Keizer Station master plan orders.

Housing Services Fund - this fund accounts for rehabilitation loans to qualifying borrowers. Revenues are primarily from grant revenue and loan repayments.

Energy Efficiency Loan Fund - this fund accounts for rehabilitation loans to qualifying borrowers. Revenues are primarily from grant revenue and loan repayments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Sewer Fund - this fund accounts for the operation of the City's wastewater system.

Water Fund - this fund accounts for the operation of the City's water system.

Water Facility Fund - this fund accounts for money set aside for future water system expansion.

Stormwater Fund – this fund accounts for the operation of the City's stormwater system.

The City reports the following nonmajor proprietary funds:

Sewer Reserve Fund - this fund accounts for money set aside for future sewer system expansion.

Lighting Districts Fund - this fund accounts for assessments received to pay for street lighting.

Community Center Fund - This fund accounts for revenues from the use of the Community Center and related costs.

The City has one internal service fund, the Administrative Services Fund. This fund provides administrative services to other City funds.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Governmental Fund type fund balances are reported in the following classifications.

Fund balance is reported as non-spendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a non-spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in non-spendable form include inventories, prepaid amounts, deposits, and assets held for sale.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the City Council takes formal action by resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Resources that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

When expenditures are paid for purposes in which multiple classifications of fund balance are available, the City deems committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations are included on the statement of net assets. Net assets are segregated into investment in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted components. Operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, license fees, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Transfers between funds are to facilitate operations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reporting amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

Cash and Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial paper Record, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The City's investment policy is in compliance with the statutes.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Fair value is defined as the amount at which an investment could be exchanged between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value adjustment is an "unrealized" gain or loss and is reported with other interest income. No investments are carried at amortized cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider cash and cash equivalents to include cash and investment pool amounts since they have the characteristics of demand deposits.

Receivables/Deferred Inflows of Resources

Receivables in governmental and business-type funds are stated net of any allowance for doubtful accounts.

Receivables for state, county and local shared revenues, included in accounts receivable, are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds as earned.

Receivables of the business-type funds are recorded as revenue as earned.

Property taxes receivable for the governmental fund types, which have been collected within sixty days subsequent to year end, are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenues. All other property taxes are offset by unavailable property tax revenues and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows, represents an acquisition that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and loans receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Receivables/Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Real and personal property taxes are levied upon all taxable property within the City and become liens against the property as of July 1 of each year and are payable in three installments which are due on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent. Property taxes receivable by the City represent the City's allocated share of delinquent property taxes and other amounts to be collected from property owners within Marion County, Oregon.

Assessment liens in the governmental fund types are recognized as receivables at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. All assessments receivable are offset by an unavailable revenue account and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Interest earned on assessments in the governmental fund types is accrued when due and is offset by an unavailable revenue account and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Inventory

Inventory in the business-type funds is stated at cost (first-in, first-out basis) and is charged to expense as used.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at fair market value at date of donation. Estimated fair market value of donated assets is determined based on engineering estimates of current cost or price indexed cost.

Normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Major additions, improvements and replacements are capitalized. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations.

Capital assets include land, right-of-way (included with land), buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and other tangible and intangible assets costing \$5,000 or more used in operations that have initial useful lives extending beyond one year. Infrastructure are those capital assets that are stationary in nature and can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most other capital assets. Infrastructure reported in governmental activities consists of roads, bridges, sidewalks, and traffic and lighting systems. Infrastructure reported in business-type activities consists of water, stormwater and wastewater collection systems.

As permitted by GAAP, the City has limited the retroactive capitalization of governmental fund infrastructure to fiscal years ended after June 30, 1980. Although, the majority of such infrastructure was placed in service before that date, it has not been included in these financial statements since they have been substantially depreciated.

Capital assets are depreciated unless they are inexhaustible in nature (e.g., land and right-of-ways). Depreciation is an accounting process to allocate the cost of capital assets to expense in a systematic and rational manner to those periods expected to benefit from the use of capital assets. Depreciation is not intended to represent an estimate in the decline of fair market value, nor are capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, intended to represent an estimate of the current condition of the assets, or the maintenance requirements needed to maintain the assets at their current level of condition.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. All estimates of useful lives are based on actual experience by City departments with identical or similar capital assets. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of the various categories of assets are as follows:

Buildings20-50 yearsImprovements other than buildings20 yearsInfrastructure20-75 yearsEquipment5 years

Upon disposal of capital assets, cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and, if appropriate, a gain or loss on the disposal is recognized. In accordance with the composite depreciation method, no gain or loss is recorded upon disposal, but rather, cost is removed from the capital asset account and charged to the accumulated depreciation account.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt directly related and expected to be paid from the enterprise funds is recorded in these funds. All other unmatured long-term debt is recorded on the Statement of Net Position. Urban Renewal Agency bonds and the credit facility line of credit are payable from the Urban Renewal funds. Gas revenue bonds are payable from the Street Fund. Water revenue loan is payable from water sales and system development fees. Keizer Station LID bonds are payable from property owner assessments.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows, represents pension related items that apply to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflow of resources related to pensions for contributions made after the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide and enterprise funds financial statements as it is earned by employees. In governmental fund types the amounts, if any, which have matured and will be paid from available resources are accrued. Liabilities for accrued compensated absences are generally paid from funds which incur personnel service expenses.

The City has a policy which permits employees to accumulate unused sick pay at the rate of eight hours per month with no maximum accrual balance. Portions of sick pay accumulated at any point in time can be expected to be redeemed before termination of employment, however, such redemptions cannot be reasonably estimated.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position as restricted for special purposes represent net assets which are subject to restrictions that are either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When expenditures are paid for purposes in which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City deems restricted resources to be spent first.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The City, in its proprietary funds, distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund includes the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City Council adopts the budget on a departmental basis for the General fund and object level for all other funds. Expenditures may not legally exceed that fund's appropriations. Management has no authority outside of budgeted appropriations. City Council may, by resolution, transfer appropriations. Public hearings before a budget committee and the City Council and formal newspaper publications of certain budgetary information must be conducted prior to the formal adoption of the budget by City resolution. The City Council may amend the budget to expend unforeseen receipts by supplemental appropriations. Supplemental budgets require newspaper publications, public hearings in certain circumstances and approval by the City Council prior to enactment. Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Appropriations lapse at year-end and may not be carried over.

New Accounting Pronouncements and Accounting Standards

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented the following GASB pronouncements:

GASB Statement No. 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application" addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. It provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes, as well as guidance for applying fair value to certain investments, and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", completes the suite of pension standards. The requirements in Statement 73 for reporting pensions generally are the same as in Statement 68. The statement is generally effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements and Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 76 "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". This statement supersedes Statement No. 55, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments". This statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as part of "cash and investments." At June 30, 2016 the carrying value of cash and investments and fair value are approximately equal. Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2016:

Cash	
Cash on hand	\$ 2,200
Deposits with financial institutions	6,509,957
Investments	
Local Government Investment Pool	 5,547,785
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 12,059,942

Deposits

At year end, the book balance of the City's bank deposits (checking and money market accounts) was \$6,509,957 and the bank balance was \$6,624,252. The difference is due to transactions in process. Deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount is secured in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes 295 under a collateral program administered by the Oregon State Treasurer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all demand accounts and the aggregate of all time deposit accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage are with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized, or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. As of June 30, 2016, \$6,374,252 of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as they were collateralized under PFCP.

Investments

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short-term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short-term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. At June 30, 2016, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short-term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investments, specifically by maintaining funds in the Local Government Investment Pool.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Currently the City's investments are limited to the Local Government Investment Pool.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-term Fund Board, which has established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of the investments. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP. These investments within the LGIP must be invested and managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The investment in the Oregon Short-term Fund is not subject to classification. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short-term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer. The LGIP is not rated for risk quality.

RECEIVABLES

Fund		ccounts	Property Taxes		ssessments	Loans		
General	\$	446,069	\$	286,283	\$	_	\$	_
Street	-	193,905	*	-	_	11,242	,	-
Keizer Station LID		-		_		14,498,875		-
Other governmental funds		34,546		-		-		442,573
Sewer		870,568		-		-		-
Water		439,277		-		247		-
Stormwater		163,643		-		-		-
Other business-type funds		51,797		-		-		-
Allowance for doubtful accounts		-		-		(797,000)		-
	\$	2,199,805	\$	286,283	\$	13,713,364	\$	442,573

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS

The summary of capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2015	Additions		Deletions		Balances June 30, 2016	
NON-DEPRECIABLE	 						
Land	\$ 371,759	\$	-	\$	-	\$	371,759
DEPRECIABLE							
Buildings and improvements	1,065,730		-		-		1,065,730
Water and sewer systems	22,958,180		780,979		-		23,739,159
Equipment and vehicles	 834,236		84,052				918,288
Total depreciable	24,858,146		865,031		-		25,723,177
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION							
Buildings	855,068		19,270		-		874,338
Water and sewer systems	14,022,303		561,973		-		14,584,276
Equipment and vehicles	 726,886		59,806				786,692
Total accumulated depreciation	 15,604,257		641,049				16,245,306
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,625,648	\$	223,982	\$	_	\$	9,849,630

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 388,105
Sewer	201,544
Stormwater	49,594
Community Center	 1,806
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	\$ 641,049

CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The changes in the capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2015		Additions Deletions			Balances June 30, 2016		
NON-DEPRECIABLE	-							
Land	\$	14,978,914	\$	-	\$	37,546	\$	14,941,368
DEPRECIABLE								
Buildings and improvements		47,321,217		1,106,138		-		48,427,355
Equipment and vehicles		2,236,164		51,789		-		2,287,953
Infrastructure		38,586,608						38,586,608
Total depreciable		88,143,989		1,157,927		-		89,301,916
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
Buildings		21,009,005		1,617,854		-		22,626,859
Equipment and vehicles		1,595,935		229,540		-		1,825,475
Infrastructure		15,063,287		1,280,460				16,343,747
Total accumulated depreciation		37,668,227		3,127,854				40,796,081
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	65,454,676	\$	(1,969,927)	\$	37,546	\$	63,447,203

Depreciation expense for governmental-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 12,442
Public safety	200,335
Public works	768,707
Community development	2,025,722
Parks	 120,648
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	\$ 3,127,854

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term debt transactions for the year were as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2015	<u> Issued</u>	Matured/ Redeemed During Year	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Keizer Station LID Bonds 2008 Initial issue \$26,810,000,					
interest only at 5.20%	\$ 16,985,000	\$ -	\$ (1,490,000)	\$ 15,495,000	\$ -
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 642,303	\$ 659,394	\$ (677,657)	\$ 624,040	\$ 218,414
Business-type Activities					
2005 Water Revenue Loan Initial issue \$2,600,000,					
interest at 4.10%	\$ 1,225,000	\$ -	\$ (185,000)	\$ 1,040,000	\$ 190,000
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 177,735	\$ 139,134	\$ (138,931)	\$ 177,938	\$ 62,278

The Keizer Station LID bonds require a reserve of \$2,681,000 which was included in the Keizer Station LID fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The future maturities of obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities

Fiscal	Ye	aı
End	ing	,

Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2017	\$	_	\$	805,740	\$	805,740	
2018	•	_	٠	805,740	•	805,740	
2019		-		805,740		805,740	
2020		-		805,740		805,740	
2021		-		805,740		805,740	
2022-2026		-		4,028,700		4,028,700	
2027-2031		15,495,000		4,028,700		19,523,700	
	\$	15,495,000	\$	12,086,100	\$	27,581,100	

Business-type Activities

Fiscal	Year						
Endina							

Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		 nterest	Total		
2017	\$	190,000	\$ 38,745	\$	228,745	
2018		200,000	30,750		230,750	
2019		210,000	22,345		232,345	
2020		215,000	13,633		228,633	
2021		225,000	 4,612		229,612	
	\$	1,040,000	\$ 110,085	\$	1,150,085	

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are liabilities of the fund in which the related payroll costs are accrued, primarily the General Fund, Street Fund, Water Fund, Stormwater Fund and Administrative Services Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PENSION PLANS

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees are members in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for government units in the State of Oregon. Employees hired before August 29, 2003 belong to the Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238), while employees hired on or after August 29, 2003 belong to the OPSRP Pension Program (established pursuant to ORS Chapter 238A). OPERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

Benefits Provided

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit

Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0% for police and fire employees, 1.67% for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at a minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General Service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member for disability benefit regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15% on annual benefits above \$60,000.

OPSRP Pension Program

Pension Benefits. The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated by formula for members who attain normal retirement age. For general service members, 1.5% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit. For police and fire members, 1.8% is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15% on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2015. The City's contribution rates for the period were 14.09% for Tier One/Tier Two members, 6.19% for OPSRP General Service members, and 10.30% for OPSRP Police and Fire members. The City's total contributions exclusive of the 6% "pick-up" was \$686,771.

Covered employees are required to contribute 6% of their salary to the Plan, but the employer is allowed to pay any or all of the employees' contribution in addition to the required employers' contribution. The City has elected to contribute the 6% "pick-up" or \$391,742 of the employees' contribution.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the City reported a liability of \$3,383,841 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was 0.05894% as compared to 0.05820% at the prior measurement date.

The Oregon Supreme Court (Court) ruled on April 30, 2015 that certain provisions of Senate Bill (SB) 861, signed into law in October 2013, were unconstitutional. SB 861 included provisions that limited post-retirement COLA on benefits accrued prior to the signing of the law. The Court ruled that benefits could be modified prospectively, but not retrospectively. As a result, those who retired before the bills were passed will continue to receive a COLA tied to the Consumer Price Index that normally results in a 2% increase annually. OPERS members who have accrued benefits before and after the effective dates of the 2013 legislation will have a blended COLA rate when they retire. This is a change in benefit terms prior to the measurement date of June 30, 2015, and has been included in the net pension asset/liability proportionate shares calculated by OPERS.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,592,228. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 182,471	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	709,297
Changes in proportionate share	12,529	-
Difference between employer contributions and employer's proportionate share of system contributions	-	327,953
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 654,651	
Total	\$ 849,651	\$ 1,037,250

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$654,651 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase in the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$ 374,166
2017	374,166
2018	374,166
2019	282,399
2020	2,172
Thereafter	_

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered

amortization bases over a closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP

pension UAL is amortized over 16 years

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate 2.75%
Investment Rate of Return 7.75%

Projected Salary Increases 3.75% overall payroll growth; salaries for individuals

are assumed to grow at 3.75% plus assumed rates of

merit/longevity increases based on service

Mortality Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:

RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the

valuation.

Active members:

Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees:

Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males, 90% for females) of the RP-2000 static combined disabled

mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 experience study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption was based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00	3.70
Intermediate-Term Bonds	3.00	4.10
High Yield Bonds	1.80	6.66
Large Cap US Equities	11.65	7.20
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88	7.30
Small Cap US Equities	2.27	7.45
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21	6.90
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.49	7.40
Private Equity	20.00	8.26
Opportunity Funds/Absolute Return	5.00	6.01
Real Estate (Property)	13.75	6.51
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	6.76
Commodities	1.25	6.07
Assumed Inflation – Mean		2.75

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)		count Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	8,166,634	\$ 3,383,841	\$	(646,904)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

OTHER RETIREMENT AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Defined Contribution

The City transitioned most previous non-PERS employees from a section 401(a) retirement plan to the Oregon PERS retirement fund during fiscal year 2010. At that time a few employees elected to continue with a section 401(a) qualified pension plan. The City Council has the authority to amend the plan provisions and contribution requirements. Contributions to the plan are 11 to 12 percent of compensation paid by the City. There are no employee contributions. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016, amounted to \$26,438. Plan assets are invested in registered mutual funds. Benefits are provided at normal retirement age or under other circumstances such as death or disability.

Deferred Compensation

The City offers its permanent, full-time employees a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code section 457 wherein they may defer amounts earned until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation or retirement. Payment to the employees will be made in a lump sum or by annuity. Under the plan the City will match employee contributions up to 6% of an employee's eligible salary, matching contributions totaled \$380,352 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City implemented GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension prospectively beginning in fiscal year June 30, 2009. GASB 45 is applicable to the City due only to the implicit rate subsidy. The City qualifies under the alternative measuring method and therefore is not required to obtain a formal actuarial valuation.

Funding Policy

The City funds the single employer plan only to the extent of current year insurance premium requirement on a payas-you-go basis. At June 30, 2016, the City had 93 active employees and four retiree's participating in the program with all insurance premium costs paid in full by the individual. The City has not established an irrevocable trust to accumulate assets to fund the cost of the OPEB obligation that arises from the implicit subsidy.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post employment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the amount actually contributed to the plans, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Normal cost at year end	\$ 267,007
Amortization of UAAL with interest	 141,755
Annual required contribution (ARC)	408,762
Interest on prior year net OPEB obligation	147,216
Adjustment to ARC	 (79,174)
Annual OPEB cost	476,804
Less contribution (amounts paid during year for OPEB)	-
Less implicit benefit payments	 (48,775)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	428,029
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 2,676,655
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 3,104,684

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contribution	Net OPEB Obligation	
2016	\$ 476,804	10%	\$ 3,104,684	
2015	472,602	11%	2,676,655	
2014	413,427	11%	2,254,981	

Valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in accrued liabilities and the value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2016 valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The assumptions included a 5.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), 3.0% projected salary increase and an annual healthcare cost rate of 7%. The UAAL is being amortized over an initial period of 30 years.

Valuation Date June 30,	Value o Assets (a)	_]	Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	_	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)
2016	\$	-	\$	1,376,875	\$	1,376,875	0%	\$ 7,122,377	19.3%
2015		-		1,439,460		1,439,460	0%	6,591,098	21.8%
2014		-		1,502,045		1,502,045	0%	6,213,398	24.2%

TRANSFERS

	Tra	ansfer In	Tra	nsfer Out
General fund	\$	-	\$	17,802
Street		-		372,500
Sewer		-		55,600
Water		17,802		250,000
Water Facility		250,000		-
Stormwater		372,500		-
Other business-type funds		55,600		-
	\$	695,902	\$	695,902

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CONTINGENCIES

The City purchases commercial insurance to cover all commonly insurable risks, including property, liability, vehicles, fidelity bond, worker's compensation and unemployment. All policies carry a small deductible amount. No insurance claims settled in each of the prior three years have exceeded policy coverage.

The City is a defendant in various litigation proceedings. Management believes any losses arising from these actions will not materially affect the City's financial position.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The City will implement applicable new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. Management has not determined the effect on the financial statements from implementing any of the following pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 74 "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans". This statement replaces Statement No. 46, "Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans" as amended, and Statement 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans". It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans", as amended, and Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures". This statement is effective for financial statement periods beginning after June 15, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", addresses reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. It requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB liabilities. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures." This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about those agreements. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 78, "Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans." This statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (continued)

GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14." This statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 81, "Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements." This statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73." This statement is to address issues regarding (1) the presentation pf payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (2) the classification of payments made b employers to satisfy employee contributions requirements. This statement is effective for the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

					(b/c) City's		
	(a) City's		(b) City's	(c)	proportionate share of the net	Plan fiduciary net position as	
Year	proportion of	propo	rtionate share	City's	pension liability	a percentage of	
Ended	the net pension	of the net pension		covered	(asset) as a	the total pension	
June 30,	liability (asset)	liability (asset)		payroll	percentage of its	liability	
2016	0.0589%	\$	3,383,841	\$ 6,014,572	56.3%	91.9%	
2015	0.0582%		(1,319,368)	6,235,184	-21.2%	103.6%	
2014	0.0582%		2,970,346	5,783,998	51.4%	92.0%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended June 30,	1	(a) tatutorily required ontribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(a-b) Contribution deficiency (excess)		(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2016	\$	1,078,513	\$	1,078,513	\$	-	\$ 6,014,572	17.93%	
2015		806,453		806,453		_	6,235,184	12.93%	
2014		744,892		744,892		-	5,783,998	12.88%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments	\$	4,835,900	\$	4,835,900	\$	4,839,705	\$	3,805
Licenses and permits		2,720,200		2,720,200		2,763,879		43,679
Charges for services		17,500		17,500		-		(17,500)
Intergovernmental		1,326,200		1,339,100		1,079,588		(259,512)
Fines and forfeitures		419,000		419,000		415,874		(3,126)
Miscellaneous		213,500		231,000		217,291		(13,709)
Total Revenues		9,532,300		9,562,700		9,316,337		(246,363)
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		2,406,000		2,396,000		2,211,476		184,524
Parks		348,900		358,900		342,240		16,660
Community development		772,500		772,500		532,274		240,226
Police		6,534,400		6,547,300		6,362,440		184,860
Municipal court		191,900		209,300		204,031		5,269
Contingency		50,000		50,000				50,000
Total Expenditures		10,303,700		10,334,000		9,652,461		681,539
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(771,400)		(771,300)		(336,124)		435,176
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(29,200)		(21,800)		(17,802)		3,998
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(800,600)		(793,100)		(353,926)		439,174
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		2,139,900		2,144,900		2,252,430		107,530
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	1,339,300	\$	1,351,800	\$	1,898,504	\$	546,704

The budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are the same.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts								
		Original		Final		Actual	V	ıriance	
REVENUES									
Licenses and permits	\$	12,100	\$	12,100	\$	90,063	\$	77,963	
Intergovernmental	·	2,100,000	·	2,100,000	·	2,187,893		87,893	
Taxes and assessments		-		-		3,153		3,153	
Miscellaneous		1,500		1,500		10,362		8,862	
Total Revenues		2,113,600		2,113,600		2,291,471		177,871	
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel services		128,000		128,000		122,696		5,304	
Materials and services		772,600		772,600		684,943		87,657	
Capital outlay		1,310,200		1,310,200		1,036,915		273,285	
Contingency		45,300		45,300				45,300	
Total Expenditures		2,256,100		2,256,100		1,844,554		411,546	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		(142,500)		(142,500)		446,917		589,417	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from property sales		-		_		27,496		27,496	
Transfers out		(372,500)		(372,500)		(372,500)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(515,000)		(515,000)		101,913		616,913	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		1,126,600		1,126,600		1,260,800		134,200	
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	611,600	\$	611,600	\$	1,362,713	\$	751,113	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual	 /ariance
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$	216,900	\$	216,900	\$	257,895	\$ 40,995
Miscellaneous		4,500		4,500		7,101	 2,601
Total Revenues		221,400		221,400		264,996	43,596
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		2,200,000		2,200,000		-	2,200,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(1,978,600)		(1,978,600)		264,996	2,243,596
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		2,369,900		2,369,900		2,416,363	 46,463
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	391,300	\$	391,300	\$	2,681,359	\$ 2,290,059

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - KEIZER STATION LID FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Original		Final		Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments	\$	767,900	\$	1,442,900	\$	1,445,014	\$	2,114
Miscellaneous		920,700		920,700		925,210		4,510
Total Revenues		1,688,600		2,363,600		2,370,224		6,624
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal		815,000		1,490,000		1,490,000		-
Interest		876,300		876,300		872,820	-	3,480
Total Expenditures		1,691,300		2,366,300		2,362,820		3,480
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(2,700)		(2,700)		7,404		10,104
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		2,683,700		2,683,700		2,685,804		2,104
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	2,681,000	\$	2,681,000	\$	2,693,208	\$	12,208

JUNE 30, 2016

					Speci	al Revenue	
	Law Enforcement Grant		Ea	Public lucation vernment	Park Improvement		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	233,851	\$	964,521	
Accounts receivable		-		34,546		-	
Loans receivable		-					
Total Assets	\$	_	\$	268,397	\$	964,521	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	8,000	\$	-	
Deferred inflows							
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-	
Fund Balances							
Restricted		-		260,397		964,521	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	268,397	\$	964,521	

Tran	Off-site sportation rovement	Iousing Services	Energy fficiency	Totals
\$	98,711 - -	\$ 13,775 - 335,199	\$ 2,389 - 107,374	\$ 1,313,247 34,546 442,573
\$	98,711	\$ 348,974	\$ 109,763	\$ 1,790,366
\$	3,772	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,772
	-	335,199	107,374	442,573
	94,939	 13,775	 2,389	 1,336,021
\$	98,711	\$ 348,974	\$ 109,763	\$ 1,790,366

 $COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCES\ -NONMAJOR\ GOVERNMENTAL\ FUNDS$

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Speci	al Revenue
	Law Enforcement Grant		Public Education Government			Park provement
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	134,816	\$	464,056
Miscellaneous		-		630		53,244
Total Revenues		-		135,446		517,300
EXPENDITURES						
Current operating						
General government		-		98,100		-
Capital outlay		-		14,335		24,701
Total Expenditures		-		112,435		24,701
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		23,011		492,599
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		-		237,386		471,922
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	-	\$	260,397	\$	964,521

Tran	Offsite sportation rovement	-			nergy iciency		Totals
•		Φ.		Φ.		d	5 00.0 50
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	598,872
	45,693						99,567
	45,693		-		-		698,439
	-		-		-		98,100
	3,772						42,808
	3,772						140,908
	41,921		-		-		557,531
	53,018		13,775		2,389		778,490
\$	94,939	\$	13,775	\$	2,389	\$	1,336,021

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amour	ıts				
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Integovernmental	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	(30,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		30,000		30,000	-	-	<u> </u>	30,000
Total Expenditures		30,000		30,000		-		30,000
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year						-		-
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PUBLIC EDUCATION GOVERNMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							
	0	Priginal		Final		Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	126,200	\$	126,200	\$	134,816	\$	8,616
Miscellaneous		600		600		630		30
Total Revenues		126,800		126,800		135,446		8,646
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		98,300		98,300		98,100		200
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		14,335		5,665
Contingency		50,000		50,000				50,000
Total Expenditures		168,300		168,300		112,435		55,865
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(41,500)		(41,500)		23,011		64,511
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		232,000		232,000		237,386		5,386
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	190,500	\$	190,500	\$	260,397	\$	69,897

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – OFFSITE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Va	ıriance
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	45,500	\$	45,500	\$	45,693	\$	193
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		98,500		98,500		3,772		94,728
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(53,000)		(53,000)		41,921		94,921
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		53,000		53,000		53,018		18
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$		\$		\$	94,939	\$	94,939

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Priginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$	366,100	\$	366,100	\$ 464,056	\$	97,956
Intergovernmental		75,000		75,000	-		(75,000)
Miscellaneous		600		600	 53,244		52,644
Total Revenues		441,700		441,700	517,300		75,600
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay		901,900		901,900	 24,701		877,199
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(460,200)		(460,200)	492,599		952,799
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		460,200		460,200	 471,922		11,722
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$		\$	_	\$ 964,521	\$	964,521

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HOUSING SERVICES FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	(30,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		58,700		58,700				58,700
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(28,700)		(28,700)		-		28,700
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		28,700		28,700		13,775		(14,925)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$		\$		\$	13,775	\$	13,775

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ENERGY EFFICIENCY GRANT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amoun					
	Original			Final	A	ctual	Variance	
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$	(15,000)
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		17,300		17,300				17,300
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(2,300)		(2,300)		-		2,300
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		2,300		2,300		2,389		89
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$		\$	2,389	\$	2,389

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts		
	Original		Final	 Actual	 Zariance
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 3,507,300	\$	3,499,900	\$ 3,232,513	\$ (267,387)
Miscellaneous	 -			 1,759	 1,759
Total Revenues	3,507,300		3,499,900	3,234,272	(265,628)
EXPENDITURES					
Personnel services	2,463,000		2,455,600	2,371,720	83,880
Materials and services	855,800		866,300	791,275	75,025
Capital outlay	127,000		127,000	102,875	24,125
Contingency	 192,000		181,500	 	 181,500
Total Expenditures	 3,637,800		3,630,400	3,265,870	 364,530
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(130,500)		(130,500)	(31,598)	98,902
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	 130,600		130,600	160,699	30,099
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 100	\$	100	\$ 129,101	\$ 129,001

The Administrative Services Fund uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for budgetary purposes and the full accrual basis of accounting for GAAP purposes.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts	Budget		
	Original		Final	 Basis	V	ariance
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 5,562,800	\$	5,562,800	\$ 5,519,128	\$	(43,672)
Miscellaneous	 400		400	 292		(108)
Total Revenues	5,563,200		5,563,200	5,519,420		(43,780)
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services	3,500		3,500	3,079		421
Materials and services	5,529,200		5,529,200	5,461,217		67,983
Contingency	 16,200		16,200	 -		16,200
Total Expenditures	 5,548,900		5,548,900	 5,464,296		84,604
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	14,300		14,300	55,124		40,824
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(55,600)		(55,600)	(55,600)		
Transfers out	 (55,600)		(55,600)	 (55,600)		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(41,300)		(41,300)	(476)		40,824
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	 246,000		246,000	 239,031		(6,969)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 204,700	\$	204,700	\$ 238,555	\$	33,855

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts	Budget		
	Original		Final	Basis	V	ariance
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$ 69,500	\$	69,500	\$ 91,837	\$	22,337
Charges for serivces	2,662,400		2,812,400	2,813,795		1,395
Miscellaneous	 8,500		8,500	7,174		(1,326)
Total Revenues	2,740,400		2,890,400	2,912,806		22,406
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services	908,700		908,700	886,037		22,663
Materials and services	1,437,100		1,437,100	1,305,763		131,337
Capital outlay/depreciation	99,500		99,500	73,786		25,714
Debt service	231,500		231,500	231,433		67
Contingency	 125,000		125,000	 		125,000
Total Expenditures	 2,801,800		2,801,800	 2,497,019		304,781
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	(61,400)		88,600	415,787		327,187
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	17,400		17,400	17,802		402
Transfers out	 (100,000)		(250,000)	 (250,000)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (82,600)		(232,600)	 (232,198)		402
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(144,000)		(144,000)	183,589		327,589
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	598,200		598,200	 682,149		83,949
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 454,200	\$	454,200	\$ 865,738	\$	411,538

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER FACILITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts					Budget	
		Original		Final		Basis	 ariance
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$	73,700	\$	73,700	\$	117,077	\$ 43,377
Miscellaneous		2,000		45,500		44,869	 (631)
Total Revenues		75,700		119,200		161,946	42,746
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay/depreciation		622,500		706,500		560,676	 145,824
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(546,800)		(587,300)		(398,730)	188,570
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of debt		460,000		310,000		-	310,000
Transfers in		100,000		250,000		250,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		560,000		560,000		250,000	310,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		13,200		(27,300)		(148,730)	(121,430)
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		270,500		311,000		316,514	5,514
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	283,700	\$	283,700	\$	167,784	\$ (115,916)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – STORMWATER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts	Budget		
	Original		Final	 Basis	Va	ıriance
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 22,764	\$	12,764
Charges for services	1,062,500		1,062,500	1,076,260		13,760
Miscellaneous	 2,000		2,000	 3,260		1,260
Total Revenues	1,074,500		1,074,500	1,102,284		27,784
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel services	647,100		647,100	630,979		16,121
Materials and services	668,900		668,900	617,255		51,645
Capital outlay/depreciation	259,700		259,700	230,568		29,132
Contingency	 46,600		46,600	 -		46,600
Total Expenditures	 1,622,300		1,622,300	 1,478,802		143,498
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(547,800)		(547,800)	(376,518)		171,282
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 372,500		372,500	 372,500		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(175,300)		(175,300)	(4,018)		171,282
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	422,500		422,500	441,794		19,294
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 247,200	\$	247,200	\$ 437,776	\$	190,576

	Sewer Reserve		Lighting Districts	mmunity Center		Totals
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	238,941	\$ 417,025	\$ 81,776	\$	737,742
Accounts receivable		<u>-</u>	 18,660	33,137		51,797
Total Current Assets		238,941	435,685	114,913		789,539
Noncurrent Assets						
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		_	_	1,806		1,806
1			 	 <u> </u>	-	
Total Assets		238,941	435,685	116,719		791,345
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows of resources						
related to pensions			1,630	 7,580		9,210
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		29	28,167	3,361		31,557
Deposits			 	 15,823		15,823
Total Current Liabilities		29	28,167	19,184		47,380
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Accrued compensated absences		-	1,438	3,507		4,945
Other post-employment benefits		-	4,720	35,763		40,483
Net pension liability			 6,063	 30,370	-	36,433
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			12,221	69,640		81,861
Total Liabilities		29	40,388	88,824		129,241
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources						
related to pensions			 2,319	9,111	-	11,430
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		-	-	1,806		1,806
Restricted		238,912	394,608	-		633,520
Unrestricted		-	-	24,558		24,558
Total Net Position	\$	238,912	\$ 394,608	\$ 26,364	\$	659,884

 $COMBINING\ STATEMENT\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENSES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ NET\ POSITION\ -NONMAJOR\ ENTERPISE\ FUNDS$

YEAR ENDED	JUNE 30, 2016
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	Sewer Reserve		Lighting Districts		Community Center		Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	85,939	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,939
Charges for services		-		307,435		144,416		451,851
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		5,964		10,000		15,964
Total Operating Revenues		85,939		313,399		154,416		553,754
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel services		-		5,019		137,532		142,551
Materials and services		2,478		405,301		110,910		518,689
Depreciation						1,806		1,806
Total Operating Expenses		2,478		410,320		250,248		663,046
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		83,461		(96,921)		(95,832)		(109,292)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment revenue		574		1,156		127		1,857
Miscellaneous		-		-		118,456		118,456
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		574		1,156		118,583		120,313
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		84,035		(95,765)		22,751		11,021
Transfers in				55,600		-		55,600
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		84,035		(40,165)		22,751		66,621
NET POSITION, Beginning of year		154,877		434,773		3,613		593,263
NET POSITION, End of year	\$	238,912	\$	394,608	\$	26,364	\$	659,884

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Sewer Seserve	ighting Districts	ommunity Center	 Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from customers	\$ 85,939	\$ 322,641	\$ 243,665	\$ 652,245
Cash paid to employees for services	(2,478)	-	(66,361)	(68,839)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	 	 (409,105)	 (117,834)	 (526,939)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	83,461	(86,464)	59,470	56,467
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				
Transfers in	 	 55,600	 	 55,600
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on investment	 574	 1,156	 127	 1,857
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	84,035	(29,708)	59,597	113,924
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Beginning of year	154,906	446,733	22,179	623,818
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, End of year	\$ 238,941	\$ 417,025	\$ 81,776	\$ 737,742
RECONCILIATION OF CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES TO OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 83,461	\$ (96,921)	\$ 22,624	\$ 9,164
Depreciation	-	-	1,806	1,806
Change in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable	-	9,242	(32,917)	(23,675)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	(3,804)	(3,214)	(7,018)
Compensated absences payable	-	(210)	3,507	3,297
Pension Obligation		4,795	31,901	36,696
Other post-employment benefits	 -	 434	 35,763	 36,197
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 83,461	\$ (86,464)	\$ 59,470	\$ 56,467

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	Amou	ents	1	Budget		
	Priginal		Final	Basis		V	ariance
REVENUES							
Licenses and permits	\$ 108,700	\$	108,700	\$	85,939	\$	(22,761)
Miscellaneous	 200		200		574		374
Total Revenues	108,900		108,900		86,513		(22,387)
EXPENDITURES							
Capital outlay/depreciation	 270,500		270,500		2,478		268,022
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	(161,600)		(161,600)		84,035		245,635
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	 162,200		162,200		154,877		(7,323)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 600	\$	600	\$	238,912	\$	238,312

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - LIGHTING DISTRICTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amou	ints	Budget		
	- (Original		Final	Basis	Va	riance
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	305,000	\$	305,000	\$ 316,940	\$	11,940
Miscellaneous		7,000		7,000	 7,120		120
Total Revenues		312,000		312,000	324,060		12,060
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		458,200		458,200	405,301		52,899
Contingency		23,000		23,000	-		23,000
Total Expenditures		481,200		481,200	 405,301		75,899
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(169,200)		(169,200)	(81,241)		87,959
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		55,600		55,600	55,600		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(113,600)		(113,600)	(25,641)		87,959
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		346,500		346,500	 414,716		68,216
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	232,900	\$	232,900	\$ 389,075	\$	156,175

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – COMMUNITY CENTER FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts	1	Budget			
	0	Priginal		Final		Basis	Variance		
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	100,000	\$	115,000	\$	144,416	\$	29,416	
Miscellaneous		70,000		70,000		128,583		58,583	
Total Revenues		170,000		185,000		272,999		87,999	
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel services		57,200		67,200		66,361		839	
Materials and services		120,200		117,800		109,296		8,504	
Capital outlay/depreciation		3,000		3,000		1,614		1,386	
Contingency		1,500		1,500				1,500	
Total Expenditures		181,900		189,500		177,271		12,229	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(11,900)		(4,500)		95,728		75,770	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		11,800		4,400		<u>-</u>		4,400	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(100)		(100)		95,728		100,228	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		100		100				(100)	
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	95,728	\$	100,128	

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Tax Year	\boldsymbol{B}	Uncollected Balances 2015-2016 July 1, 2015 Levy			Interest, Added To Discounts & Rolls Adjustments					Turnovers	Uncollected Balances June 30, 2016		
2015-2016	\$	-	\$	\$ 4,948,959		5,969	\$	(139,835)	\$ (4,636,786)	\$	178,307		
2014-2015		158,434		-		42		(4,984)		(101,734)		51,758	
2013-2014		56,757		-		-		(3,829)		(22,953)		29,975	
2012-2013		34,849		-		-	(4,036)		(19,201)			11,612	
2011-2012		12,170		-		-		(3,410)		(5,236)		3,524	
2010-2011		4,601		-		-		(3,316)		1,184		2,469	
2009-2010		3,236		-		-		(179)		(1,358)		1,699	
Prior Years		7,726		-		-		(145)		(642)		6,939	
Total	\$	277,773	\$	4,948,959	\$	6,011	\$	(159,734)	\$	(4,786,726)	\$	286,283	

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the overall financial health of the City of Keizer.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

STATISTICAL SECTION

FINANCIAL TRENDS

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

	2016	2015	2014	2013	
Governmental activities:	 	 			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 47,885,058	\$ 48,396,074	\$ 47,862,183	\$	39,605,284
Restricted for special purposes	21,760,454	22,270,151	25,606,003		32,206,315
Unrestricted	 (3,326,175)	(1,078,821)	 634,849		912,419
Total governmental activities net position	66,319,337	69,587,404	74,103,035		72,724,018
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	8,809,630	8,400,648	7,989,214		8,164,309
Restricted for special purposes	1,035,403	906,164	956,861		965,652
Unrestricted	 570,549	 1,132,641	 1,296,459		1,376,408
Total business-type activities net position	10,415,582	10,439,453	10,242,534		10,506,369
Total government					
Net investment in capital assets	56,694,688	56,796,722	55,851,397		47,769,593
Restricted for special purposes	22,795,857	23,176,315	26,562,864		33,171,967
Unrestricted	 (2,755,626)	 53,820	1,931,308		2,288,827
Total government net position	\$ 76,734,919	\$ 80,026,857	\$ 84,345,569	\$	83,230,387

Financial trend schedule: Net position by component is intended to provide the user with summary data to analyze changes in the components of net position.

Accompanying schedule: Changes in net position provides the user with additional detail for analytical purposes.

			F	iscal Year				
 2012	2 2011			2010		2009	 2008	 2007
\$ 37,455,473 35,457,026 621,715	\$	38,278,605 35,190,084 739,296	\$	37,762,700 31,897,733 1,119,801	\$	33,163,849 33,709,977 2,257,559	\$ 30,392,428 34,612,171 3,462,013	\$ 28,189,116 7,064,192 2,491,374
73,534,214		74,207,985		70,780,234		69,131,385	68,466,612	37,744,682
8,130,948 1,162,551 1,372,907		8,114,069 1,358,513 1,456,114		7,820,911 1,967,905 1,299,094		7,223,995 2,640,776 1,386,663	6,247,552 2,569,911 2,383,818	5,883,166 3,111,776 1,782,778
10,666,406		10,928,696		11,087,910		11,251,434	11,201,281	10,777,720
45,586,421 36,619,577 1,994,622		46,392,674 36,548,597 2,195,410		45,583,611 33,865,638 2,418,895		40,387,844 36,350,753 3,644,222	36,639,980 37,182,082 5,845,831	 34,072,282 10,175,968 4,274,152
\$ 84,200,620	\$	85,136,681	\$	81,868,144	\$	80,382,819	\$ 79,667,893	\$ 48,522,402

	 2016	2015		2014	2013	
Expenses:	 	 	-	_	-	
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 2,130,033	\$ 2,100,607	\$	2,992,312	\$	1,753,597
Community and youth services	29,317	19,493		15,971		5,530
Community development	2,704,035	4,500,288		2,789,728		3,805,625
Parks	483,174	388,200		392,258		386,174
Public safety	8,539,975	5,644,121		6,390,471		6,342,334
Public works	1,658,334	1,415,078		1,692,960		1,648,403
Stadium operations	-	-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	866,363	924,296		1,164,981		1,272,365
Total governmental activities expense	 16,411,231	 14,992,083		15,438,681		15,214,028
Business-type activities:						
Water	2,920,211	2,419,921		2,751,772		2,590,864
Sewer	5,711,828	5,522,545		5,379,925		5,188,916
Storm water	1,507,343	1,106,176		1,170,447		983,980
Community center and Amphitheater	250,248	171,525		121,246		151,428
Street lighting	410,320	409,131		443,225		405,658
Total business-type activities expense	10,799,950	9,629,298		9,866,615		9,320,846
Total City expenses	27,211,181	24,621,381		25,305,296		24,534,874
Program Revenues:						
Governmental activities:						
Fees, fines, and charges for services:						
General government	284,394	234,703		180,800		176,993
Community development	121,808	99,652		60,510		49,810
Parks	15,472	7,456		17,107		7,216
Public safety	406,195	325,818		418,237		507,154
Public works	65,063	26,236		21,178		7,225
Stadium operations	54,631	48,899		46,449		45,922
Operating grants and contributions	2,543,156	2,555,870		2,520,561		2,799,523
Capital grants and contributions	 773,529	 613,253		218,513		811,621
Total governmental activities program revenues	 4,264,248	 3,911,887		3,483,355		4,405,464
Business-type activities:						
Fees, fines, and charges for services:						
Water	2,947,965	2,732,223		2,536,257		2,508,264
Sewer and storm water	6,728,498	6,445,708		6,511,153		6,045,064
Community center and Amphitheater	154,416	125,844		108,356		108,293
Street lighting	313,399	519,563		416,965		405,585
Operating grants and contributions	-	-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions	 116,962	105,151		51,963		24,203
Total business-type activities program revenues	 10,261,240	 9,928,489		9,624,694		9,091,409
Total City program revenues	 14,525,488	 13,840,376		13,108,049		13,496,873

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007		
		2010	2009	2008	2007		
\$ 1,406,963	\$ 1,282,546	\$ 1,206,448	\$ 1,348,120	\$ 1,031,186	\$ 1,105,397		
8,719	11,019	18,041	38,009	54,396	5,891		
5,459,845	2,854,558	2,980,764	2,945,798	1,860,120	2,477,616		
318,911	308,754	355,892	427,843	282,921	182,179		
6,454,171	6,299,787	6,404,239	6,885,994	6,208,351	5,779,195		
1,404,779	1,452,880	1,480,993	1,483,813	2,468,103	1,477,995		
1,327,508	1,434,549	1,549,187	1,549,789	1,289,655	984,239		
16,380,896	13,644,093	13,995,564	14,679,366	13,194,732	12,012,512		
2,559,552	2,591,674	2,610,480	2,689,164	2,714,457	2,253,494		
5,076,755	5,124,701	5,117,610	4,729,024	4,500,964	4,335,363		
954,541	779,980	573,790	464,071	416,783	-		
116,861	13,316	-	-	-	-		
435,313	418,929	423,953	428,905	202,530	406,052		
9,143,022	8,928,600	8,725,833	8,311,164	7,834,734	6,994,909		
25,523,918	22,572,693	22,721,397	22,990,530	21,029,466	19,007,421		
177,073	145,020	181,547	131,297	159,604	147,399		
35,079	35,235	57,006	28,097	47,762	67,114		
2,604	2,534	2,587	2,844	2,350	3,20		
648,165	574,574	731,465	618,027	652,000	654,136		
123	8,779	1,215	14,565	16,067	60,448		
46,696	41,627	42,390	47,275	61,812	57,425		
2,402,228	2,289,262	1,880,643	1,875,598	2,142,073	2,127,964		
92,063	97,663	247,068	223,477	27,454,887	440,32		
3,404,031	3,194,694	3,143,921	2,941,180	30,536,555	3,558,008		
2,407,469	2,420,266	2,480,006	2,587,519	2,506,207	2,832,074		
5,694,866	5,608,798	5,463,673	5,100,487	4,757,838	4,418,375		
118,369	98,063	-	-	-	-		
424,280	464,933	454,933	451,641	423,013	404,918		
-	-	-	-	72,364	27,783		
17,483	19,104	49,265	35,006	208,741	276,365		
8,662,467	8,611,164	8,447,877	8,174,653	7,968,163	7,959,515		

	2016	2015		2014		2013	
Net (Expense) Revenue							
Governmental activities	\$ (12,146,983)	\$ (11,080,196)	\$	(11,955,326)	\$	(10,808,564)	
Business-type activities	 (538,710)	299,191		(241,921)		(229,437)	
Total City activities	(12,685,693)	(10,781,005)		(12,197,247)		(11,038,001)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position							
Governmental activities							
Taxes and assessments	4,852,373	5,521,449		5,416,357		5,545,135	
Franchise taxes	2,606,744	2,539,863		2,490,463		2,433,345	
Intergovernmental	743,428	803,880		768,187		770,249	
Miscellaneous	1,076,723	195,193		4,631,567		1,658,468	
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(10,050)	-		-		-	
Transfers	(390,302)	(393,336)		27,769		(62,792)	
Total governmental activities	 8,878,916	 8,667,049	'	13,334,343		10,344,405	
Business-type activities							
Miscellaneous	124,537	4,601		5,855		6,608	
Transfers	390,302	393,336		(27,769)		62,792	
Total business-type activities	 514,839	 397,937	'	(21,914)		69,400	
Total City revenues	 9,393,755	 9,064,986		13,312,429		10,413,805	
Change in Net Position							
Governmental activities	(3,268,067)	(2,413,147)		1,386,654		(464,159)	
Business-type activities	(23,871)	697,128		(271,472)		(160,037)	
	(3,291,938)	(1,716,019)		1,115,182		(624,196)	
Net Position, July 1							
Governmental activities	69,587,404	74,103,035		72,724,018		73,534,214	
Business-type activities	 10,439,453	 10,242,534		10,506,369		10,666,406	
	80,026,857	84,345,569		83,230,387		84,200,620	
Governmental activities - restatement	-	(2,102,484)		-		-	
Business-type activities - restatement	-	(500,209)		-		-	
Governmental activities - loss on impairment	 	 		_		346,037	
Total Government	80,026,857	81,742,876		83,230,387		84,546,657	
Net Position, June 30							
Governmental activities	66,319,337	69,587,404		74,103,035		72,724,018	
Business-type activities	10,415,582	10,439,453		10,242,534		10,506,369	
Total Government	\$ 76,734,919	\$ 80,026,857	\$	84,345,569	\$	83,230,387	

		I	Fiscal Year									
	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007	
\$	(12,976,865) (480,555)	\$	(10,449,399) (317,436)	\$	(10,851,643) (277,956)	\$	(11,738,186) (136,511)	\$	17,341,823 133,429	\$	(8,454,504) 964,606	
	(13,457,420)		(10,766,835)		(11,129,599)		(11,874,697)		17,475,252		(7,489,898)	
	7,951,843		7,654,368		7,625,782		7,348,334		8,896,151		6,062,528	
	2,462,290		2,475,239		2,371,341		2,398,389		2,385,307		2,283,966	
	887,403		918,055		894,860		920,506		929,684		891,629	
	1,212,058		1,452,870 1,522,293		1,698,151		1,868,577		1,334,201 (9,731)		1,524,730	
	(210,500)		(145,675)		(169,941)		(132,847)		(155,506)		10,760	
	12,303,094		13,877,150		12,420,193		12,402,959		13,380,106		10,773,613	
	7,765		12,547		24,790		53,817		134,627		188,137	
	210,500		145,675		169,941		132,847		155,506		(10,760)	
	218,265		158,222		194,731		186,664		290,133		177,377	
	12,521,359		14,035,372		12,614,924		12,589,623		13,670,239		10,950,990	
	(673,771)		3,427,751		1,568,550		664,773		30,721,929		2,319,109	
	(262,290)		(159,214)		(83,225)		50,153		423,562		1,141,983	
	(936,061)		3,268,537		1,485,325		714,926		31,145,491		3,461,092	
	74,207,985		70,780,234		69,131,385		68,466,612		37,744,683		35,425,574	
	10,928,696		11,087,910		11,251,434		11,201,281		10,777,719		9,635,736	
	85,136,681		81,868,144		80,382,819		79,667,893		48,522,402		45,061,310	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	85,136,681		81,868,144		80,382,819		79,667,893		48,522,402		45,061,310	
	72 524 21 4		74 207 005		70 600 025		60 121 205		60 466 612		27.744.692	
	73,534,214 10,666,406		74,207,985 10,928,696		70,699,935 11,168,209		69,131,385 11,251,434		68,466,612 11,201,281		37,744,683 10,777,719	
\$	84,200,620	\$	85,136,681	\$	81,868,144	\$	80,382,819	\$	79,667,893	\$	48,522,402	
Ψ	07,200,020	Ψ	05,150,001	Ψ	01,000,177	Ψ	00,502,019	Ψ	17,001,093	Ψ	TU,JZZ, T UZ	

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

	2016			2015		2014	2013	
General fund								
Unreserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unassigned		1,898,504		2,252,430		2,241,954		2,144,797
Total General Fund	\$	\$ 1,898,504		\$ 2,252,430		\$ 2,241,954		2,144,797
All Other Governmental Funds								
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Debt service funds		-		-		-		-
Capital project funds		-		-		-		-
Restricted		8,073,301		7,141,457		6,970,715		12,636,124
Total all other governmental funds	\$	8,073,301	\$	7,141,457	\$	6,970,715	\$	12,636,124

This schedule has been modified to conform with the adoption of GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011.

		F	iscal Year							
	2012	2011		2010		2009		2008	2007	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,514,530	\$	1,435,308	\$ 2,291,258	\$	1,968,796
	1,877,738		1,646,079		-		-	-		-
\$	1,877,738	\$	1,646,079	\$	1,514,530	\$	1,435,308	\$ 2,291,258	\$	1,968,796
-		-		-						
\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,090,716	\$	4,584,359	\$ 5,468,241	\$	8,070,211
	-		-		2,720,399		4,246,857	2,854,800		-
	-		-		-		-	707,761		(581,180)
	13,631,432		10,189,183		_		_	_		_
\$	13,631,432	\$	10,189,183	\$	6,811,115	\$	8,831,216	\$ 9,030,802	\$	7,489,031

	2016		2015		2014	2013
Revenues						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 6,287	,872	\$ 6,444	,385	\$ 9,984,150	\$ 7,009,859
Licenses and permits	3,685	5,709	3,319	,557	2,919,492	2,767,306
Intergovernmental	3,267	,481	3,237	,002	3,158,760	3,803,537
Fines and forfeitures	415	5,874	386	,984	448,615	571,525
Miscellaneous	1,284	1,531	1,236.	,979	 1,248,775	1,613,364
Total revenues	14,94	,467	14,624	,907	17,759,792	15,765,591
Expenditures						
Current operating:						
General government	2,280),259	1,645	,180	2,912,876	1,728,960
Community and youth services	29	,317	19.	,493	15,971	5,530
Community development	532	2,274	584.	,370	740,748	671,543
Parks	306	5,683	281.	,119	269,821	293,089
Public safety	6,529	,017	6,170	,100	5,951,077	5,822,788
Public works	807	,639	704.	,993	976,579	909,450
Stadium operations		-		-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,152	2,734	1,676	,533	4,993,159	4,050,924
Debt service						
Principal	1,490	0,000	2,030	,000	6,294,000	1,668,000
Interest	872	2,820	938.	,565	1,201,582	1,280,764
Total expenditures	14,000),743	14,050	,353	 23,355,813	 16,431,048
Revenues over (under) expenditures	940),724	574,	,554	(5,596,021)	(665,457)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of debt		-		-	-	-
Land sale proceeds	27	7,496		-	-	-
Transfers in		-	76.	,481	4,217,166	1,036,256
Transfers out	(390),302)	(469.	,817)	(4,189,397)	 (1,099,048)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(362	2,806)	(393,	,336)	 27,769	 (62,792)
Net change in fund balances	577	7,918	181,	218	(5,568,252)	(728,249)
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,393	3,887	9,212	,669	14,780,921	15,509,170
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 9,971	,805	\$ 9,393	,887	\$ 9,212,669	\$ 14,780,921
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1	8.4%	24	1.0%	40.8%	23.8%

	2012	Fiscal Year 2011		2010		2000		2009			2007
	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
\$	9,468,976	\$	9,449,329	\$	9,871,770	\$	9,488,164	\$	8,932,759	\$	6.167.077
-	2,706,955	7	2,802,152	-	2,791,477	-	2,658,711	-	3,179,645	_	
	3,252,754		3,121,931		2,727,373		2,821,871		2,971,347		
	648,165		574,574		731,465		618,027		652,000		
	338,558		212,061		315,239		491,633		1,503,243		6,167,077 2,874,189 3,076,740 654,136 1,613,935 14,386,077 812,189 5,891 1,164,131 161,422 5,519,381 848,079 - 6,747,010 145,000 984,239 16,387,342 (2,001,265) 4,150,000 - 378,727 (367,967) 4,160,760 2,159,495 7,298,331 9,457,826
	16,415,408		16,160,047		16,437,324		16,078,406		17,238,994		14,386,077
	1,377,214		1,230,536		1,151,914		1,095,746		841,054		812,189
	8,719		11,019		17,877		17,019		54,396		5,891
	627,441		736,517		786,471		1,285,094		1,166,860		1,164,131
	261,696		232,665		264,013		279,770		249,751		161,422
	5,874,096		5,858,204		5,863,258		6,076,101		5,968,617		5,519,381
	743,603		781,393		752,322		761,352		961,381		848,079
	1,309,615		2,303,875		2,886,717		13,592,575		7,792,381		6,747,010
	996,000		3,269,000		5,613,000		3,657,000		30,410,000		145,000
	1,332,616		1,452,260		1,522,690		1,586,437		1,123,815		984,239
	12,531,000		15,875,469		18,858,262		28,351,094		48,568,255		16,387,342
	3,884,408		284,578		(2,420,938)		(12,272,688)		(31,329,261)		(2,001,265)
	_		260,000		650,000		11,350,000		33,349,000		4,150,000
	-		3,121,820		_		-		-		-
	546,289		718,715		1,948,067		1,151,282		51,540		378,727
	(756,789)		(864,390)		(2,118,008)		(1,284,129)		(207,046)		(367,967)
	(210,500)		3,236,145		480,059		11,217,153		33,193,494		4,160,760
	3,673,908		3,520,723		(1,940,879)		(1,055,535)		1,864,233		2,159,495
	11,835,262		8,314,539		10,266,524		11,322,059		9,457,826		7,298,331
\$	15,509,170	\$	11,835,262	\$	8,325,645	\$	10,266,524	\$	11,322,059	\$	9,457,826
	20.8%		34.8%		44.7%		35.5%		77.3%		11.7%

REVENUE CAPACITY

June 30,	esidential Property	Farm operty	nmercial Property	Industrial Property		
2006-07	\$ 1,389,950	\$ 2,240	\$ 288,422	\$	4,412	
2007-08	1,444,166	2,082	329,014		5,022	
2008-09	1,506,465	1,411	361,951		5,469	
2009-10	1,558,501	1,639	384,554		2,437	
2010-11	1,606,706	1,896	391,123		2,501	
2011-12	1,641,764	1,835	407,124		2,552	
2012-13	1,632,503	2,047	422,279		2,620	
2013-14	1,685,116	1,991	434,358		-	
2014-15	1,767,018	2,088	445,738		-	
2015-16	1,834,924	2,011	467,014		-	

^{*} Per \$1,000 of assessed value

Personal Property		Utility roperty	al Measure) Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate *	Re	al Market Value
\$ 21,505	\$	32,246	\$ 1,738,775	2.08	\$	2,525,782
28,324		35,420	1,844,028	2.08		3,023,857
27,296		36,166	1,938,758	2.08		3,229,159
27,873		37,591	2,012,595	2.08		3,070,376
26,824		37,224	2,066,274	2.08		2,924,103
26,662		38,793	2,118,730	2.08		2,761,019
27,604		37,470	2,124,523	2.08		2,604,791
27,136		33,960	2,182,561	2.08		2,669,051
28,348		35,228	2,278,420	2.08		2,878,298
31,126		38,504	2,373,579	2.08		3,034,894

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAXES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	2015-16		20	14-15	20	13-14	20	12-13	2011-12	
City of Keizer	\$	2.08	\$	2.08	\$	2.08	\$	2.08	\$	2.08
Overlapping Governments: Marion County		3.03		3.02		3.02		3.02		3.02
Keizer Fire District		2.04		2.05		1.81		1.82		1.84
Marion County Fire District		2.51		2.52		2.53		2.47		2.35
Marion County Soil & Water		0.05		0.05		0.05		0.05		0.05
Marion County Extension and 4-H		0.05		-		-		-		-
School District		6.52		6.40		6.67		6.69		6.44
Willamette Regional ESD		0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30
Community College		0.92		0.89		0.86		0.90		0.88
Regional Library		0.08		0.08		0.08		0.08		0.08
Transit District		0.76		0.76		0.76		0.76		0.76
Total	\$	18.35	\$	18.15	\$	18.16	\$	18.17	\$	17.80

20	10-11	20	09-10	20	08-09	20	07-08	 06-07
\$	2.08	\$	2.08	\$	2.08	\$	2.08	\$ 2.08
	3.02		3.02		3.02		3.02	3.02
	1.84		1.85		1.50		1.85	1.85
	2.42		2.40		2.53		2.51	2.37
	0.05		0.05		0.05		0.05	0.05
	-		-		-		-	-
	6.31		6.53		6.58		6.46	6.45
	0.30		0.30		0.30		0.30	0.30
	0.79		0.89		0.71		0.70	0.94
	0.08		0.08		0.08		0.08	0.08
	0.76		0.76		0.76		0.76	0.76
\$	17.65	\$	17.96	\$	17.61	\$	17.81	\$ 17.90

			2016	5		
Private Enterprise	Industry	Rank	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Value		
Donahue Schriber Realty Group LP	Real Estate	1	\$ 51,968,800	1.85%		
Target Corporation	Retail	2	11,444,684	0.41%		
Emerald Pointe LLC	Real Estate	3	11,423,418	0.41%		
Lowe's HIW Inc	Retail	4	11,253,170	0.40%		
CCP Keizer 1526 LLC	Retirement Center	5	11,036,800	0.39%		
Hawk's Point Apartments LLC	Real Estate	6	10,701,040	0.38%		
Keizer Road Apartments LLC	Real Estate	7	8,396,310	0.30%		
Keizer Schoolhouse LLC	Real Estate	8	8,370,170	0.30%		
Bob & Mary LLC	Real Estate	9	8,052,720	0.29%		
Hidden Creek Loop Apartments	Real Estate	10	6,754,290	0.24%		
Northwest National LLC	Real Estate		-	-		
Keizer Campus LLC	Real Estate		-	-		
Senior Management Co., Ltd.	Real Estate		-	-		
Poplar Chemawa LLC	Real Estate		-	-		
Century Apartments LLC	Retail		-	-		
Public Utilities						
Northwest Natural Gas Co	Natural Gas		15,214,300	0.54%		
Portland General Electric Co	Electricity		14,375,000	0.51%		
Qwest Corporation	Telephone		-	-		
Government						
City of Keizer*	Municipality		5,869,380	0.21%		
All other taxpayers			2,635,696,255	93.78%		
			\$ 2,810,556,337	100.00%		

^{*}Related to baseball stadium property

	2007	
Rank	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Value
4	7,786,760	0.33%
0	10.525.000	0.440/
2	10,525,098	0.44%
	-	-
5	7,376,250	0.31%
6	6,469,550	0.27%
O	-	-
8	5,176,670	0.22%
1	10,550,180	0.44%
3	8,439,140	0.35%
7	6,073,590	0.25%
9	4,888,480	0.21%
10	4,459,755	0.19%
	12,343,200	0.52%
	10,564,000	0.32%
	6,960,200	0.44%
	0,700,200	0.2770
	4,605,950	0.19%
	2,276,438,371	95.54%
	\$ 2,382,657,194	100.00%

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON GENERAL FUND PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

Fiscal year ended	Taxes levied in		C	ollected in fisco	al vear of levv	ollections ubsequent	Total Coll	ections	
 June 30,		fiscal year		Amount	% of Levy	 years	Amount	% of Levy	-
2006-07	\$	3,140,075	\$	3,039,852	96.81%	\$ 99,973	\$ 3,139,825	99.99%	
2007-08		3,225,446		3,125,233	96.89%	99,613	3,224,846	99.98%	
2008-09		3,488,040		3,339,325	95.74%	147,424	3,486,749	99.96%	
2009-10		3,533,537		3,387,003	95.85%	143,296	3,530,299	99.91%	
2010-11		3,697,042		3,544,683	95.88%	149,896	3,694,579	99.93%	
2011-12		3,788,065		3,652,199	96.41%	132,786	3,784,985	99.92%	
2012-13		4,215,696		4,070,606	96.56%	133,476	4,204,082	99.72%	
2013-14		4,380,096		4,249,504	97.02%	100,617	4,350,121	99.32%	
2014-15		4,556,032		4,437,265	97.39%	67,010	4,504,275	98.86%	
2015-16		4,948,959		4,840,799	97.81%	-	4,840,799	97.81%	

DEBT CAPACITY

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON RATIO OF BONDED DIRECT DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Assessed Value (in thousands)	Gross Bonded Debt	Less Debt Service Money Available	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Personal Income*
2006-07	34,737	\$ 1,738,775	\$ 1,593,000	\$ -	\$ 1,593,000	45.86	0.09%	0.16%
2007-08	34,880	1,844,028	28,252,000	3,388,761	24,863,239	712.82	1.53%	2.63%
2008-09	35,435	1,938,758	28,095,000	4,246,857	23,848,143	673.01	1.45%	2.50%
2009-10	36,150	2,012,595	25,482,000	2,720,400	22,761,600	629.64	1.27%	2.18%
2010-11	36,220	2,066,274	24,360,000	3,283,030	21,076,970	581.92	1.18%	2.01%
2011-12	36,295	2,118,730	23,540,000	2,729,997	20,810,003	573.36	1.11%	1.92%
2012-13	36,715	2,124,523	22,050,000	2,687,875	19,362,125	527.36	1.04%	1.73%
2013-14	36,735	2,182,561	19,050,000	2,685,746	16,364,254	445.47	0.87%	1.48%
2014-15	36,795	2,278,420	16,985,000	2,685,804	14,299,196	388.62	0.75%	1.30%
2015-16	36,985	2,373,579	15,495,000	2,693,208	12,801,792	346.13	0.65%	N/A

Source:

Marion County Assessor's Office Portland State University, Population Research and Census Center City of Keizer Finance Department

			Overlo	apping	
Governmental unit	Real Market Value (In Thousands)	Percent Overlapping	Gross Property-tax Backed Debt	Net Property-tax Backed Debt	
Direct:					
City of Keizer	\$ 3,034,894	100.00%	\$ 15,495,000	\$ 15,495,000	
Overlapping:					
Marion County	36,716,577	16.14%	8,952,159	1,465,562	
Keizer Fire District	3,000,638	99.12%	3,736,911	3,736,911	
Marion County Fire District	4,362,943	9.02%	505,142	505,142	
Salem-Keizer School District 24J	23,173,661	21.27%	91,563,609	91,563,609	
Gervais School District 1	1,056,174	0.01%	1,254	1,254	
Chemeketa Community College	36,716,577	11.20%	14,282,814	9,702,786	
Willamette ESD	36,113,695	10.19%	2,502,744	1,095,360	
Total Overlapping			121,544,633	108,070,624	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 137,039,633	\$ 123,565,624	

Note: Overlapping taxing jurisdictions are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and business of the City of Keizer.

Source: Oregon State Treasury

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	1	Debt Limit	Total Debt Applicable to Limit		egal Debt Margin *	Total Net Debt Applicable	
2006-07	\$	74,773,453	\$	-	\$ 74,773,453	0.00%	
2007-08		90,715,680		26,810,000	63,905,680	29.55%	
2008-09		96,874,770		26,810,000	70,064,770	27.67%	
2009-10		92,111,295		24,360,000	67,751,295	26.45%	
2010-11		87,723,097		24,360,000	63,363,097	27.77%	
2011-12		82,830,572		23,540,000	59,290,572	28.42%	
2012-13		78,143,734		22,050,000	56,093,734	28.22%	
2013-14		80,071,541		17,755,000	62,316,541	22.17%	
2014-15		86,348,943		16,985,000	69,363,943	19.67%	
2015-16		91,046,830		15,495,000	75,551,830	17.02%	

ORS 287.004 provides a debt limit of 3% of the true cash value (market) of all taxable property within the City boundaries.

Source:

Marion County Tax Assessors Office City of Keizer Finance Department

^{*} The legal debt margin has been calculated in accordance with the provisions of ORS 287.004.

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	1	Gross Revenues	Less Direct Operating Expenses	A j	Net Revenues Available for Debt Service		Deb rincipal	t Seri	vice Requirem Interest	ents	Total	Coverage
			•		EET FUND -							<u> </u>
2006-07	\$	1,942,638	\$ 2,426,546	\$	(483,908)	\$	145,000	\$	65,288	\$	210,288	(2.3)
2007-08		1,639,536	2,203,875		(564,339)		151,000		59,486		210,486	(2.7)
2008-09		1,533,741	1,574,016		(40,275)		157,000		53,449		210,449	(0.2)
2009-10		1,549,097	1,094,801		454,296		163,000		47,177		210,177	2.2
2010-11		1,809,447	1,088,712		720,735		169,000		40,670		209,670	3.4
2011-12		2,150,294	1,448,481		701,813		176,000		33,908		209,908	3.3
2012-13		2,073,957	3,163,773		(1,089,816)		183,000		26,872		209,872	(5.2)
2013-14		2,128,602	1,779,211		349,391		190,000		19,561		209,561	1.7
2014-15		2,168,436	1,757,477		410,959		-		-		-	-
2015-16		2,266,471	1,844,554		421,917		-		-		-	-
					WATER FU	J ND L	OAN					
2006-07	\$	2,864,857	\$ 1,796,905	\$	1,067,952	\$	135,000	\$	103,833	\$	238,833	4.5
2007-08		2,579,598	1,844,038		735,560		135,000		98,298		233,298	3.2
2008-09		2,669,862	2,098,179		571,683		140,000		92,660		232,660	2.5
2009-10		2,545,768	1,879,709		666,059		145,000		86,818		231,818	2.9
2010-11		2,447,765	1,924,941		522,824		150,000		80,770		230,770	2.3
2011-12		2,430,151	1,919,503		510,648		155,000		74,518		229,518	2.2
2012-13		2,537,001	1,967,837		569,164		165,000		67,958		232,958	2.4
2013-14		2,591,882	2,125,666		466,216		170,000		61,090		231,090	2.0
2014-15		2,840,186	2,172,980		667,206		180,000		53,915		233,915	2.9
2015-16		3,068,231	2,488,202		580,029		185,000		46,433		231,433	2.5

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Population at July 1	Area (square mile)	Average Density (persons/ square mile)	Total Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment	Average Annual Unemployment
2006-07	34,735	7.36	4,719	\$ 1,015,252,160	\$ 29,107	6,496	5.6%
2007-08	34,880	7.36	4,739	1,074,530,940	30,377	7,887	5.4%
2008-09	35,435	7.36	4,815	1,125,747,150	32,016	7,740	9.6%
2009-10	36,150	7.36	4,912	1,168,368,000	32,320	7,664	10.8%
2010-11	36,220	7.36	4,921	1,213,949,520	33,516	7,357	9.7%
2011-12	36,295	7.36	4,931	1,224,266,645	33,731	7,276	9.7%
2012-13	36,715	7.36	4,988	1,271,917,745	34,643	7,256	9.7%
2013-14	36,735	7.36	4,991	1,290,610,755	35,133	7,478	7.1%
2014-15	36,795	7.36	4,999	1,305,817,755	35,489	7,332	6.1%
2015-16	36,985	7.36	5,025	N/A	N/A	7,354	5.7%

Sources:

Portland State University, Population Research and Census Center City of Keizer Community Development Department Bureau of Economic Analysis US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics Salem Keizer School District

		Number of en	employees		
Name	<u>Industry</u>	2016	2007		
State of Oregon	State	21,000	20,200		
Salem-Keizer School District	Primary and secondary public schools	4,100	4,000		
Salem Hospital	Healthcare	3,900	3,500		
Chemeketa Community College	State college of higher education	1,660	1,000		
Marion County	County	1,500	1,560		
U.S. Federal Agencies	Federal	1,400	1,500		
City of Salem	Municipal	1,310	1,530		
Norpac Foods, Incorporated	Food processor	1,000	1,000		
State Accident Insurance Fund	Insurance	850	710		
Willamette University	Private University	800	700		

OPERATING INFORMATION

	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13
GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES:				
General Government:				
Number of municipal court citations processed	2,036	1,263	1,712	2,499
Number of land use applications processed	23	17	23	15
Number of building permits:				
Single family dwellings	142	68	45	33
Multi-family units	19	69	-	-
Valuation of permits issued (expressed in thousands)	\$ 69,190	\$ 32,464	\$ 26,236	\$ 17,198
Public Safety:				
Number of arrests by patrol officers	1,171	1,698	1,844	1,725
Number of traffic violations cited	1,757	1,374	1,932	2,102
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
Water:				
Number of meters				
Single-family residential	9,841	9,719	9,691	9,431
Multi-family residential	261	260	260	254
Commercial	419	406	398	387
Consumption (ccf)				
Single-family residential	1,115,548	1,068,653	1,041,894	1,039,564
Multi-family residential	393,083	320,347	320,741	302,744
Commercial	173,790	161,668	153,453	150,256
Number of private fire lines	76	70	65	60
Sewer				
Number of accounts	10,343	10,274	10,189	10,136

Based on active meters at fiscal year end

Source: City of Keizer Community Development Department City of Keizer Police Department

 2011-12	2010-11		2009-10			2008-09	 2007-08	2006-07	
3,497		3,831		3,235		2,987	3,093		3,314
17		12		19		21	25		53
24		35		49		23	63		50
-		1		33		2	20		-
\$ 13,036	\$	13,578	\$	17,300	\$	5,306	\$ 14,027	\$	10,287
1,969		1,990		1,895		2,165	1,929		2,730
3,229		3,610		3,483		4,580	5,360		5,500
0.426		0.414		0.456		0.422	0.265		0.255
9,426 259		9,414 255		9,456 256		9,422 257	9,365 250		9,355 255
371		365		360		365	316		322
3/1		303		300		303	310		322
1,015,975		1,015,994		1,097,706		1,172,492	1,199,066		1,243,543
322,947		316,418		328,357		337,860	333,981		338,127
155,693		150,304		161,689		173,914	164,417		156,211
60		59		50		50	50		34
10,140		10,129		10,139		10,094	10,403		9,987

	2016	2015	2014	2013
GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES:				
General Government:				
Number of City owned building facilities	3	3	3	3
Public Safety:				
Number of jail facilities (holding cells)	2	2	2	2
Parks and Recreation:				
Number of Parks and Acreage:				
Neighborhood parks (15)	65.5	65.5	65.5	65.5
Community parks (2)	27	27	27	27
Regional park (1)	148	148	148	148
Landscape areas (1)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Historical areas (1)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Streets:				
Miles of streets and alleys:				
Streets - Lane Miles	206	205	204	204
Alleys	2	2	2	2
Number of street, pedestrian, and other bridges	7	7	7	7
Number of traffice signals	21	21	20	20
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
Water System:				
Number of reservoirs	3	3	3	3
Storage capacity (in millions of gallons)	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75
Annual production (in millions of cubic feet)	177.2	179.4	165.5	172.5
Miles of water line	107	107	106	106
Number of pump stations	16	16	16	16
Number of public hydrants	898	898	859	859
Sewer System:				
Miles of storm drains	80	80	80	80
Miles of sewer lines	105	105	105	105
Number of lift stations	1	1	1	1

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
3	3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2	2
65.5	65.5	65.5	65.5	65.5	65.5
27	27	27	27	27	27
148	120	120	120	120	120
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
204	204	204	204	204	203.5
2	2	2	2	2	2
7	7	7	7	7	6
20	20	20	20	20	20
3	3	3	3	3	2
2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.25
163	168	165	178	183	196
106	106	106	106	106	105
16	16	15	15	15	14
859	859	758	758	758	758
90	77	EA	E 1	E 1	E A
80 105	77 105	54 105	54 105	54 105	54 104
105	105 1	105	105	105 1	104 1
1	1	1	1	1	1

CITY OF KEIZER, OREGON BUDGETED CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year	Community Development	General Government	Parks	Public Safety	Public Works	Total
2006-07	5.00	16.50	1.00	49.00	15.00	86.50
2007-08	5.00	17.00	2.00	49.00	20.00	93.00
2008-09	5.00	17.00	2.00	49.00	22.00	95.00
2009-10	5.00	19.00	2.00	48.00	20.00	94.00
2010-11	5.00	19.00	2.00	45.00	22.00	93.00
2011-12	4.00	18.00	2.00	45.00	22.00	91.00
2012-13	4.00	17.00	2.00	45.00	23.00	91.00
2013-14	4.00	18.00	2.00	45.00	24.00	93.00
2014-15	5.00	19.00	2.00	45.00	24.00	95.00
2015-16	5.00	19.00	2.00	45.00	24.00	95.00

Source: City of Keizer Finance Department

COMPLIANCE SECTION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS 475 Cottage Street NE, Suite 200, Salem, Oregon 97301 (503) 581-7788

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Council Members City of Keizer 930 Chemawa Road NE Keizer, Oregon 97303

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Keizer (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2016.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials no money was collected or received by elected officials.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management of the City of Keizer and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bv:

Ryan T. Pasquarella, A Shareholder

November 30, 2016

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