

M. Definitions

Arcade: building and	A continuous covered passageway parallel to and open to a street, open space or accessible and open to the public.
Awning: canopy	A roof-like cover that is temporary in nature and projects from the wall of a building for the purpose of shielding a doorway or window from the elements; also called a canopy
Balustrade:	An entire railing system, including a top rail and its balusters and often a bottom rail, found along the edge of a porch, balcony or roof deck.
Belfry: tower.	That part of a steeple or top of a tower in which one or more bells are hung; also called a bell tower.
Belt course:	A horizontal band of masonry extending horizontally across the façade of a building and occasionally encircling the entire perimeter; usually projects beyond the face of the building.
Cornice: edge	Any molded horizontal projection that crowns or finishes the top of a wall where it meets the edge of a roof; the exterior trim of a structure where the wall and roof meet.
Cupola:	A small roof tower, usually rising from the roof ridge.
Decorative Window Lintel:	A decorative horizontal beam that spans the top of a window opening.
Dormer:	A projection from a sloping roof that contains a window.
Marquee:	A permanent canopy, usually of metal and glass, that projects over an entrance to a building, especially that of a theater or hotel; may include lettering or signs indicating current attractions.
Parapet:	A decorative low wall or similar barrier at the edge of a roof, balcony, or terrace.
Pergola: and	A structure of open construction supported by regularly spaced posts or columns, often latticed covered by climbing plants such as vines or roses.
Pilaster:	A column partially embedded in a wall and usually non-structural
Porch: providing	A roofed, open area, attached to or part of a building, and with direct access to or from it, shelter to a building entrance.
Portico: front	A covered entrance having a roof supported by a series of columns or piers, commonly at the entrance to a building.
Turret:	A cylindrical tower that is usually corbeled from one corner of the structure.
Wall offset: minimum of	A projection or recess of at least two (2) feet in depth. Wall offsets that are incorporated onto buildings having a length of at least sixty (60) feet or greater shall be integrated at a every forty (40) feet, each offset shall have a minimum length of twenty (20) feet.

